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NB100-388 Protocol

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Serum protocol for NCOA2 Antibody (NB100-388)

Nuclear Extract and Cytoplasmic Fraction Preparation protocol for NCOA2 Antibody (NB100-388): https://www.novusbio.com/products/ncoa2-antibody_nb100-388 Nuclear Extract and Cytoplasmic Fraction Preparation

- 1. Nuclear extracts (NE) and cytoplasmic fractions (S100) were prepared by Dignam's method (Dignam, Lebovitz, and Roeder, Nucleic Acids Res. 11: 1475-1489. 1983).
- 2. 100 liters of HeLa cell culture were harvested and washed 3 times with cold PBS.
- 3. The packed-cell volume (PCV) was measured, and the cell pellet was gently resuspended with 5 PCVs of hypotonic buffer (10 mM HEPES-KOH [pH 8], 10 mM KCl, 1.5 mM MgCl2, 1 mM DTT, 0.2 mM PMSF).
- 4. Cells were incubated on ice for 10 minutes and then pelleted by centrifugation at 1,800xg for 10 minutes.
- 5. Hypotonic buffer was added to 2 PCVs, and cells were resuspended and then homogenized with 15 strokes using a pestle B in a Dounce glass homogenizer until the cells were more than 90% lysed, as determined by a light microscope.
- 6. The lysate was centrifuged at 20,000xg for 30 minutes at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 7. The supernatant was saved for \$100 fraction, and the pellet was saved to measure the packed nuclear volume (PNV).
- 8. 0.4 ml of extraction buffer (20 mM HEPES-KOH [pH 8], 0.6 M KCl, 1.5 mM MgCl2, 0.2 mM EDTA, 25% [vol/vol] glycerol, 1 mM DTT, 0.2 mM PMSF) per ml of PNV was added.
- 9. Cell nuclei were homogenized with 10 strokes of pestle A in the homogenizer.
- 10. Suspension was stirred at 4 degrees Celcius for 30 minutes and centrifuged for 30 minutes at 20,000xg.
- 11. The supernatant (nuclear extract) was aliquotted for use.
- 12. The S100 fraction (resulting supernatant) was mixed with 0.11 volume of high-salt buffer (20 mM HEPES-KOH [pH 8], 1.2 M KCl, 1.5 mM MgCl2, 0.2 mM EDTA, 20% [vol/vol] glycerol, 1 mM DTT, 0.2 mM PMSF) and centrifuged at 100,000xg for 60 minutes at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 13. This supernatant was dialyzed for 2 hours at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 14. The sample was centrifuged for 30 minutes at 20,000xg and the supernatant (S100) was aliquotted for use.

Immunoprecipitation

Antibody characterization:

- 1. HeLa NE and S100 were diluted with 1 volume of RIPA buffer [150 mM NaCl, 1% NP-40, 0.5% DOC, 0.1% SDS, 50 mM Tris [pH 8]).
- 2. Cleared by spinning at 100,000 g for 20 minutes at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 3. 1 ml of supernatant (~10 mg total protein) was mixed with 20 ug of primary antibody (NB 100-388) and rotated overnight at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 4. Supernatant was mixed with 0.05 ml of protein A-sepharose beads (50% slurry) and rotated for 2 hours at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 5. Immunoprecipitates were washed 3 times with the 10% RIPA in PBS.
- 6. The washed beads were boiled with 0.04 ml of Laemmli buffer and subjected to SDS-PAGE (4-20% Tris-glycine gel).

Complex purification:

- 1. NE and S100 were cleared by spinning at 20,000 g for 30 minutes at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 2. 1.5 ml of supernatant (~15 mg total protein) was mixed with 20 ug of primary antibody (NB 100-388) and rotated for 4 hours at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 3. Sample and antibody mixture were centrifuged at 15,000 g for 20 minutes at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 4. Supernatant was mixed with 0.05 ml of protein A-sepharose beads (50% slurry) and rotated for 1 hour at 4 degrees Celcius.
- 5. Immunoprecipitates were washed 3 times with the NETN buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl [pH 8], 100 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 0.5% NP-40).
- 6. The washed beads were boiled with 0.04 ml of Laemmli buffer and subjected to SDS-PAGE (4-20% Tris-glycine gel).

*If an insufficient amount of protein is purified for identification from 15 mg of extract, carry out the same procedure using 50-100 mg of extract to increase the amount of purified protein yield.