

PRODUCT INFORMATION & ELISA MANUAL

TrkA Antibody Pair [HRP] NBP2-79341 Sample Insert for reference use only

Matched Antibody Pair utilized in an Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay for quantitative detection of Human TrkA.

For research use only.

Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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Novus kits are guaranteed for 6 months from date of receipt

BACKGROUND

TRKA is a member of the neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor (NTKR) family. It is a membrane-bound receptor that, upon neurotrophin binding, phosphorylates itself and members of the MAPK pathway. Isoform TrkA-III promotes angiogenesis and has oncogenic activity when overexpressed. Isoform TrkA-I is found in most non-neuronal tissues. Isoform TrkA-II is primarily expressed in neuronal cells. TrkA-III is specifically expressed by pluripotent neural stem and neural crest progenitors. The presence of NTRK1 leads to cell differentiation and may play a role in specifying sensory neuron subtypes. Mutations in TRKA gene have been associated with congenital insensitivity to pain, anhidrosis, self-mutilating behavior, mental retardation and cancer. It was originally identified as an oncogene as it is commonly mutated in cancers, particularly colon and thyroid carcinomas. TRKA is required for high-affinity binding to nerve growth factor (NGF), neurotrophin-3 and neurotrophin-4/5 but not brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF). Known substrates for the Trk receptors are SHC1, PI 3-kinase, and PLC-gamma-1. NTRK1 has a crucial role in the development and function of the nociceptive reception system as well as establishment of thermal regulation via sweating. It also activates ERK1 by either SHC1- or PLC-gamma-1-dependent signaling pathway. Defects in NTRK1 are a cause of congenital insensitivity to pain with anhidrosis and thyroid papillary carcinoma.

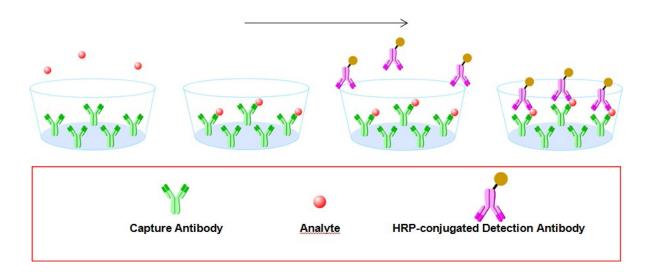
PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The Novus Biologicals TrkA Antibody Pair [HRP] is a solid phase sandwich ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay). It utilizes a monoclonal antibody specific for Human TrkA coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are added to the wells, and any Human TrkA present binds to the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and a horseradish peroxidase conjugated rabbit anti-Human TrkA polyclonal antibody is then added, producing an antibody-antigen-antibody "sandwich". The wells are again washed and TMB substrate solution is loaded, which produces color in proportion to the amount of Human TrkA present in the sample. To end the enzyme reaction, the stop solution is added and absorbances of the microwell are read at 450 nm.

INTENDED USE

- ◆ The Human TrkA Antibody Pair [HRP] is for the quantitative determination of Human TrkA.
- ◆ This TrkA Antibody Pair [HRP] contains the basic components required for the development of sandwich ELISAs.

ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY



This antibody pair has been configured for research use only and is not to be used in diagnostic procedures.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Capture Antibody - 0.5 mg/mL of mouse anti-Human TrkA monoclonal antibody (in PBS, pH 7.4). Dilute to a working concentration of 2 μ g/mL in PBS before coating.

Detection Antibody - 0.2 mg/mL of rabbit anti-Human TrkA polyclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish-peroxidase (HRP) (in PBS, 50 % HRP-Protector, pH 7.4, store at 4°C). Dilute to working concentration of 0.5 µg/mL in detection antibody dilution buffer before use.

Standard – Each vial contains 770 ng of recombinant Human TrkA. Reconstitute with 1 mL detection antibody dilution buffer. After reconstitution, store at -20° C to -80° C in a manual defrost freezer. A seven-point standard curve using 2-fold serial dilutions in sample dilution buffer, and a high standard of 10000 pg/mL is recommended.

SOLUTIONS REQUIRED

PBS - 136.9 mM NaCl, 10.1 mM Na $_2$ HPO $_4$, 2.7 mM KCl, 1.8 mM KH $_2$ PO $_4$, pH 7.4, 0.2 μ m filtered

TBS - 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4

Wash Buffer - 0.05% Tween20 in TBS, pH 7.2 - 7.4

Blocking Buffer - 2% BSA in Wash Buffer

Sample dilution buffer - 0.1% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Detection antibody dilution buffer - 0.5% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Substrate Solution: To achieve best assay results, fresh substrate solution is recommended

Substrate stock solution - 10mg / ml TMB (Tetramethylbenzidine) in DMSO

Substrate dilution buffer - 0.05M Na₂HPO₄ and 0.025M citric acid; adjust pH to 5.5

Substrate working solution - For each plate dilute 250 μ l substrate stock solution in 25ml substrate dilution buffer and then add 80 μ l 0.75% H_2O_2 , mix it well

Stop Solution - 2 N H₂SO₄

PRECAUTION

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this antibody pair is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.

STORAGE

Capture Antibody: Aliquot and store at -20° C to -80° C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Detection Antibody: Store at 4° C and protect it from prolonged exposure to light for up to 6 months from date of receipt. **DO NOT FREEZE!**

Standard: Store lyophilized standard at $-20\,^{\circ}$ C to $-80\,^{\circ}$ C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Aliquot and store the reconstituted standard at $-80\,^{\circ}$ C for up to 1 month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

Plate Preparation

- 1. Dilute the capture antibody to the working concentration in PBS. Immediately coat a 96-well microplate with 100 μ L per well of the diluted capture antibody. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. Aspirate each well and wash with at least 300µl wash buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining wash buffer by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels. 3. Block plates by adding 300 µl, of blocking buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for a
- 3.Block plates by adding 300 μL of blocking buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for a minimum of 1 hour.
- 4.Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2. The plates are now ready for sample addition.

Assay Procedure

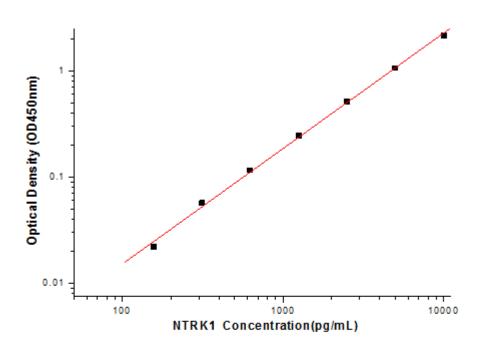
- 1.Add 100 μ L of sample or standards in sample dilution buffer per well. Seal the plate and incubate 2 hours at room temperature.
- 2. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 3.Add $100~\mu L$ of the detection antibody, diluted in antibody dilution buffer, to each well. Seal the plate and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 5. Add $200~\mu L$ of substrate solution to each well. Incubate for 20~minutes at room temperature (if substrate solution is not as requested, the incubation time should be optimized). Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 6.Add 50 µL of stop solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 7. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

- Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples. Subtract the mean zero standard absorbance from each.
- Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- •To determine the concentration of the unknowns, find the unknowns' mean absorbance value on the y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the x-axis and read the concentration. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- Alternatively, computer-based curve-fitting statistical software may also be employed to calculate the concentration of the sample.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.



Concentration (pg/mL)	Zero standard subtracted OD					
0	0					
156.25	0.022					
312.5	0.057					
625	0.116					
1250	0.246					
2500	0.514					
5000	1.066					
10000	2.160					

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of Human TrkA was determined to be approximately **156.25 pg/ml**. This is defined as at least three times standard deviations above the mean optical density of 10 replicates of the zero standard.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problems	Possible Sources	Solutions			
	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue			
No signal	Substrate solution was not added	Add substrate solution and continue			
	Incorrect storage condition	Check if the kit is stored at recommended condition and used before expiration date			
Poor Standard Curve	Standard was incompletely reconstituted or was inappropriately stored	Aliquot reconstituted standard and store at -80 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$			
	Imprecise / inaccurate pipetting	Check / calibrate pipettes			
	Incubations done at inappropriate temperature, timing or agitation	Follow the general ELISA protocol			
	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross contamination by using the sealer appropriately			
Poor detection value	The concentration of antigen in samples was too low	Enriching samples to increase the concentration of antigen			
	Samples were ineffective	Check if the samples are stored at cold environment. Detect samples in timely manner			
High Background	la cutti si ant usa ala sa	Use multichannel pipettes without touching the reagents on the plate			
	Insufficient washes	Increase cycles of washes and soaking time between washes			
	TMB Substrate Solution was contaminated	TMB Substrate Solution should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells			
	Materials were contaminated.	Use clean plates, tubes and pipettes tips			
Non appoificity	Samples were contaminated	Avoid cross contamination of samples			
Non-specificity		Try higher dilution rate of samples			

	ELISA Plate Template											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A												
В												
С												
D												
E												
F												
G												

Human TrkA Antibody Pair [HRP] Notes