

PRODUCT INFORMATION & ELISA MANUAL

CD200/OX2 Antibody Pair [HRP]

NBP2-79313

Sample Insert for reference use only

Matched Antibody Pair utilized in an Enzymelinked Immunosorbent Assay for quantitative detection of Human CD200/OX2.

For research use only.

Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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Novus kits are guaranteed for 6 months from date of receipt

BACKGROUND

CD200 (OX-2) is a cell surface glycoprotein that imparts immune privileges by suppressing alloimmune and autoimmune responses through its receptor, CD200R, expressed primarily on myeloid cells. Signals delivered through the CD200:CD200R axis have been shown to play an important role in the regulation of anti-tumor immunity, and overexpression of CD200 has been reported in a number of malignancies, including CLL, as well as on cancer stem cells. The role of CD200-CD200R signaling in immune regulation of the central nervous system has become a popular field of research in recent years. Many studies have shown that there is a close correlation between CD200-CD200R, microglia activation, and Parkinson's disease (PD). The ability of CD200 to suppress myeloid cell activation is critical for maintaining normal tissue homeostasis but may also enhance the survival of migratory neoplastic cells. CD200 and CD200R associate via their respective N-terminal Ig-like domains. CD200 has been characterized as an important immunoregulatory molecule, increased expression of which can lead to decreased transplant rejection, autoimmunity, and allergic disease. Elevated CD200 expression has been reported to be associated with poor prognosis in a number of human malignancies. In addition, CD200 also plays an important role in prevention of graft rejection, autoimmune diseases and spontaneous abortion.

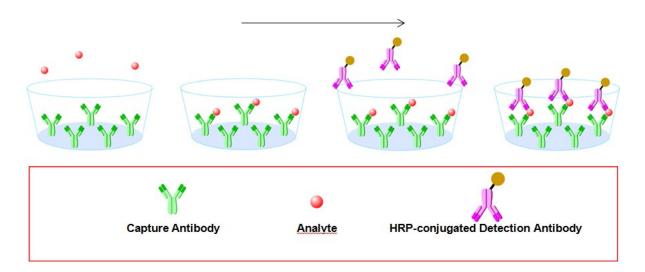
PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The Novus Biologicals CD200/OX2 Antibody Pair [HRP] is a solid phase sandwich ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay). It utilizes a monoclonal antibody specific for Human CD200/OX2 coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are added to the wells, and any Human CD200/OX2 present binds to the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and a horseradish peroxidase conjugated rabbit anti-Human CD200/OX2 polyclonal antibody is then added, producing an antibody-antigen-antibody "sandwich". The wells are again washed and TMB substrate solution is loaded, which produces color in proportion to the amount of Human CD200/OX2 present in the sample. To end the enzyme reaction, the stop solution is added and absorbances of the microwell are read at 450 nm.

INTENDED USE

- ◆The Human CD200/OX2 Antibody Pair [HRP] is for the quantitative determination of Human CD200/OX2.
- ◆This CD200/OX2 Antibody Pair [HRP] contains the basic components required for the development of sandwich ELISAs.

ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY



This antibody pair has been configured for research use only and is not to be used in diagnostic procedures.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Capture Antibody – 1 mg/mL of rabbit anti-Human CD200/OX2 monoclonal antibody (in PBS, pH 7.4). Dilute to a working concentration of 2 μg/mL in PBS before coating.

Detection Antibody - 0.2 mg/mL of rabbit anti-Human CD200/OX2 polyclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish-peroxidase (HRP) (in PBS, 50 % HRP-Protector, pH 7.4, store at $4\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$). Dilute to working concentration of 0.5 µg/mL in detection antibody dilution buffer before use.

Standard – Each vial contains 190 ng of recombinant Human CD200/OX2. Reconstitute with 1 mL detection antibody dilution buffer. After reconstitution, store at -20 °C to -80 °C in a manual defrost freezer. A seven-point standard curve using 2-fold serial dilutions in sample dilution buffer, and a high standard of 3000 pg/mL is recommended.

SOLUTIONS REQUIRED

PBS - 136.9 mM NaCl, 10.1 mM Na₂HPO₄, 2.7 mM KCl, 1.8 mM KH₂PO₄, pH 7.4, 0.2 μ m filtered

TBS - 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4

Wash Buffer - 0.05% Tween20 in TBS, pH 7.2 - 7.4

Blocking Buffer - 2% BSA in Wash Buffer

Sample dilution buffer - 0.1% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Detection antibody dilution buffer - 0.5% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Substrate Solution: To achieve best assay results, fresh substrate solution is recommended

Substrate stock solution - 10mg / ml TMB (Tetramethylbenzidine) in DMSO

Substrate dilution buffer - 0.05M Na₂HPO₄ and 0.025M citric acid; adjust pH to 5.5

Substrate working solution - For each plate dilute 250 μ l substrate stock solution in 25ml substrate dilution buffer and then add 80 μ l 0.75% H_2O_2 , mix it well

Stop Solution - 2 N H₂SO₄

PRECAUTION

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this antibody pair is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.

STORAGE

Capture Antibody: Aliquot and store at -20° C to -80° C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Detection Antibody: Store at 4° C and protect it from prolonged exposure to light for up to 6 months from date of receipt. **DO NOT FREEZE!**

Standard: Store lyophilized standard at $-20\,^{\circ}$ C to $-80\,^{\circ}$ C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Aliquot and store the reconstituted standard at $-80\,^{\circ}$ C for up to 1 month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

Plate Preparation

- 1. Dilute the capture antibody to the working concentration in PBS. Immediately coat a 96-well microplate with 100 μ L per well of the diluted capture antibody. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. Aspirate each well and wash with at least 300µl wash buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining wash buffer by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels. 3.Block plates by adding 300 µL of blocking buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for a
- 4.Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2. The plates are now ready for sample addition.

Assay Procedure

minimum of 1 hour.

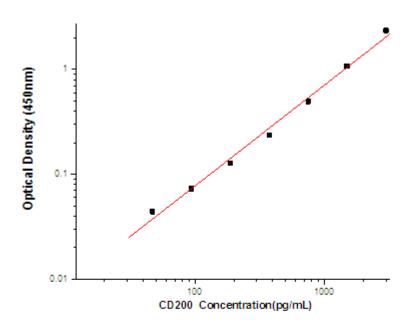
- $1.Add\ 100\ \mu L$ of sample or standards in sample dilution buffer per well. Seal the plate and incubate 2 hours at room temperature.
- 2. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 3. Add $100~\mu L$ of the detection antibody, diluted in antibody dilution buffer, to each well. Seal the plate and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 5. Add $200~\mu L$ of substrate solution to each well. Incubate for 20~minutes at room temperature (if substrate solution is not as requested, the incubation time should be optimized). Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 6.Add 50 µL of stop solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 7. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

- Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples. Subtract the mean zero standard absorbance from each.
- Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- •To determine the concentration of the unknowns, find the unknowns' mean absorbance value on the y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the x-axis and read the concentration. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- Alternatively, computer-based curve-fitting statistical software may also be employed to calculate the concentration of the sample.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.



Concentration (pg/mL)	Zero standard subtracted OD				
0	0				
46.88	0.044				
93.75	0.073				
187.5	0.127				
375	0.235				
750	0.494				
1500	1.081				
3000	2.354				

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of Human CD200/OX2 was determined to be approximately **46.88 pg/ml**. This is defined as at least three times standard deviations above the mean optical density of 10 replicates of the zero standard.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

ate solution was not added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue Add substrate solution and continue			
	Add substrate solution and continue			
ect storage condition				
	Check if the kit is stored at recommended condition and used before expiration date			
ard was incompletely reconstituted or appropriately stored	Aliquot reconstituted standard and store at -80 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$			
sise / inaccurate pipetting	Check / calibrate pipettes			
tions done at inappropriate temperature, or agitation	Follow the general ELISA protocol			
round wells were contaminated	Avoid cross contamination by using the sealer appropriately			
ncentration of antigen in samples was	Enriching samples to increase the concentration of antigen			
es were ineffective	Check if the samples are stored at cold environment. Detect samples in timely manner			
signt weeken	Use multichannel pipettes without touching the reagents on the plate			
cient wasnes	Increase cycles of washes and soaking time between washes			
Substrate Solution was contaminated	TMB Substrate Solution should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells			
als were contaminated.	Use clean plates, tubes and pipettes tips			
es were contaminated	Avoid cross contamination of samples			
oncentration of samples was too high	Try higher dilution rate of samples			
	and was incompletely reconstituted or appropriately stored size / inaccurate pipetting tions done at inappropriate temperature, or agitation round wells were contaminated incentration of antigen in samples was // es were ineffective size / inaccurate pipetting tions done at inappropriate temperature, or agitation round wells were contaminated incentration of antigen in samples was // es were ineffective size / inaccurate pipetting tions done at inappropriate temperature, or agitation round wells were contaminated			

	ELISA Plate Template											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Α												
В												
С												
D												
E												
F												
G												
Н												

Human CD200/OX2 Antibody Pair [HRP] Notes