

PRODUCT INFORMATION & ELISA MANUAL

TNF RI/TNFRSF1A Antibody Pair [HRP] NBP2-79310

Sample Insert for reference use only

Matched Antibody Pair utilized in an Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay for quantitative detection of Human TNF RI/TNFRSF1A.

For research use only.

Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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Novus kits are guaranteed for 6 months from date of receipt

BACKGROUND

The cluster of differentiation (CD) system is commonly used as cell markers in immunophynotyping. Different kinds of cells in the immune system can be identified through the surface CD molecules which associating with the immune function of the cell. There are more than 320 CD unique clusters and subclusters have been identified. Some of the CD molecules serve as receptors or ligands important to the cell through initiating a signal cascade which then alter the behavior of the cell. Some CD proteins do not take part in cell signal process but have other functions such as cell adhesion. CD120a (cluste of differentiation 120a), also known as TNFR1 / TNFRSF1A, is a member of CD family, tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily. CD120a is one of the most primary receptors for the tumor necrosis factoralpha. It has been shown to be localized to both plasma membrane lipid rafts and the trans golgi complex with the help of the death domain (DD). CD120a can activate the transcription factor NF-κB, mediate apoptosis, and regulate inflammation processes.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

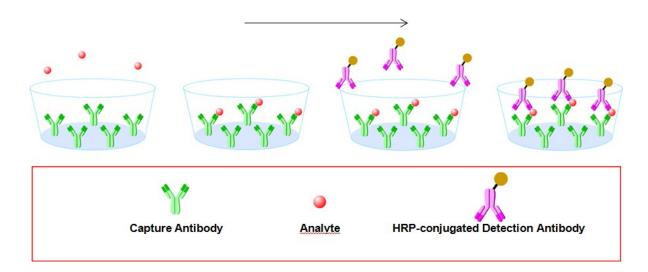
The Novus Biologicals TNF RI/TNFRSF1A Antibody Pair [HRP] is a solid phase sandwich ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay). It utilizes a monoclonal antibody specific for TNF RI/TNFRSF1A coated on a 96-well plate.

Standards and samples are added to the wells, and any TNF RI/TNFRSF1A present binds to the immobilized antibody. The wells arewashed and a horseradish peroxidase conjugated mouse anti-TNFRI / CD120amonoclonal antibody is then added, producing an antibody-antigen-antibody"sandwich". The wells are again washed and TMB substrate solution is loaded, which produces color in proportion to the amount of TNF RI/TNFRSF1A present inthe sample. To end the enzyme reaction, the stop solution is added andabsorbances of the microwell are read at 450 nm.

INTENDED USE

◆ The human TNF RI/TNFRSF1A Antibody Pair [HRP] is for the quantitative determination of human TNFRI. It contains the basic components required for the development of sandwich ELISAs.

ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY



This antibody pair has been configured for research use only and is not to be used in diagnostic procedures.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Capture Antibody -0.5 mg/mL of mouse anti-TNF RI/TNFRSF1A monoclonal antibody. Dilute to a working concentration of $2.0 \mu g/mL$ in CBS before coating.

Detection Antibody - 0.5 mg/mL mouse anti-TNF RI/TNFRSF1A monoclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish-peroxidase (HRP). Dilute to a working concentration of 1.0 μ g/mL in detection antibody dilution buffer before use.

Standard – Each vial contains 60 ng of recombinant anti-TNFRI / CD120a. Reconstitute with 1 mL detection antibody dilution buffer. After reconstitution, store at -20° C to -80° C in a manual defrost freezer. A seven-point standard curve usi ng 2-fold serial dilutions in sample dilution buffer, and a high standard of 500 pg/mL is recommended

SOLUTIONS REQUIRED

CBS - 0.05M Na₂CO₃, 0.05M NaHCO₃, pH 9.6, 0.2 µm filtered

TBS - 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4

Wash Buffer - 0.05% Tween20 in TBS, pH 7.2 - 7.4

Blocking Buffer - 2% BSA in Wash Buffer

Sample dilution buffer - 0.1% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Detection antibody dilution buffer - 0.5% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Substrate Solution: To achieve best assay results, fresh substrate solution is recommended

Substrate stock solution - 10mg / ml TMB (Tetramethylbenzidine) in DMSO

Substrate dilution buffer - 0.05M Na₂HPO₄ and 0.025M citric acid; adjust pH to 5.5

Substrate working solution - For each plate dilute 250 μ l substrate stock solution in 25ml substrate dilution buffer and then add 80 μ l 0.75% H_2O_2 , mix it well

Stop Solution - 2 N H₂SO₄

PRECAUTION

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this antibody pair is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.

STORAGE

Capture Antibody: Aliquot and store at -20° C to -80° C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Detection Antibody: Protect it from prolonged exposure to light. Aliquot and store at -20° C to -80° C and for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Standard: Store lyophilized standard at -20 $^{\circ}$ C to -80 $^{\circ}$ C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Aliquot and store the reconstituted standard at -80 $^{\circ}$ C for up to 1 month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

Plate Preparation

- 1. Dilute the capture antibody to the working concentration in CBS. Immediately coat a 96-well microplate with 100 μ L per well of the diluted capture antibody. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. Aspirate each well and wash with at least 300µl wash buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining wash buffer by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels. 3.Block plates by adding 300 µL of blocking buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for a
- minimum of 1 hour.

 4.Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2. The plates are now ready for sample addition.

Assay Procedure

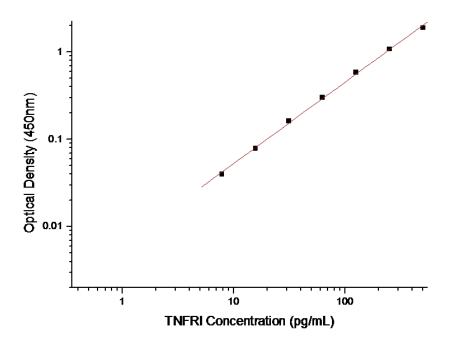
- $1.Add\ 100\ \mu L$ of sample or standards in sample dilution buffer per well. Seal the plate and incubate 2 hours at room temperature.
- 2. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 3. Add $100~\mu L$ of the detection antibody, diluted in antibody dilution buffer, to each well. Seal the plate and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- 5. Add 200 µL of substrate solution to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature (**if substrate solution is not as requested, the incubation time should be optimized**). Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 6.Add 50 µL of stop solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 7. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

- Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples. Subtract the mean zero standard absorbance from each.
- Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- •To determine the concentration of the unknowns, find the unknowns' mean absorbance value on the y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the x-axis and read the concentration. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- Alternatively, computer-based curve-fitting statistical software may also be employed to calculate the concentration of the sample.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.



Concentration (pg/ml)	Zero standard subtracted OD
0	0.000
7.8125	0.040
15.625	0.079
31.25	0.162
62.5	0.301
125	0.586
250	1.082
500	1.893

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of human TNF RI/TNFRSF1A was determined to be approximately 7.81 pg/ml. This is defined as at least three times standard deviations above the mean optical density of 10 replicates of the zero standard.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problems	Possible Sources	Solutions			
	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue			
No signal	Substrate solution was not added	Add substrate solution and continue			
	Incorrect storage condition	Check if the kit is stored at recommended condition and used before expiration date			
Poor Standard Curve	Standard was incompletely reconstituted or was inappropriately stored	Aliquot reconstituted standard and store at -80 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$			
	Imprecise / inaccurate pipetting	Check / calibrate pipettes			
	Incubations done at inappropriate temperature, timing or agitation	Follow the general ELISA protocol			
	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross contamination by using the sealer appropriately			
	The concentration of antigen in samples was too low	Enriching samples to increase the concentration of antigen			
Poor detection value	Samples were ineffective	Check if the samples are stored at cold environment. Detect samples in timely manner			
High Background		Use multichannel pipettes without touching the reagents on the plate			
	Insufficient washes	Increase cycles of washes and soaking time between washes			
	TMB Substrate Solution was contaminated	TMB Substrate Solution should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells			
	Materials were contaminated.	Use clean plates, tubes and pipettes tips			
Non-specificity	Samples were contaminated	Avoid cross contamination of samples			
	The concentration of samples was too high	Try higher dilution rate of samples			

	ELISA Plate Template											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A												
В												
С												
D												
E												
F												
G												

Human TNF RI/TNFRSF1A Antibody Pair [HRP] Notes