

General Information

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry
 - TUNEL for apoptosis In situ hybridization (ISH)
- mRNA •
 - miRNA •
 - Fluorescent In situ hybridization (FISH) •

Storage and stability

- Individual slide is put in an air-tight pack with inert gas.
- If the slides are stored at 4C, they are good for up to one year.

How processed

- Tissues were initially fixed with formalin except for some of the animal tissues
- Then, dehydrated with gradient ethanol; typically 1 hour each progressive steps; 70%, 90%, 95%, 99%, 100% x 3 times. Cleared by xylene, three changes for 1 hour each. Infiltrated with 60°C paraffin, three changes for 1 hour each

- Sectioned by microtome in 4 μ m thickness

Before use

- Dry slides for 1 hour in a oven at 60C.
- Dewax slides in xylene for 4 minutes x 5 times. Hydrate slides in 100%, 95% and 75% ethanol for 3 minutes x 2 times each.
- Immerse slides in tap water for 5 minutes.

Slide orientation

In most of the slides with 59 or 60 cores, the orientation is as below unless indicated otherwise. #60 location is usually filled with carbon for orientation.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Chadad area	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Shaueu area	30	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60

Tissue types*

The "tissue type" column in the data sheet denotes the following categories.

- 1. normal tissue from a non-cancer patient
- 2. normal tissue from a cancer patient, but the cancer involves unrelated organ
- 3. normal tissue adjacent to the cancer
- 4. benign tumor
- 5. tumor of borderline malignancy or uncertain malignant potential
- 6. cancer

No.	Age	Sex	Organ	Associated lesion	Tissue type*
1	60	F	Skin	breast cancer	2
2	43	F	Skin	breast cancer	2
3	49	F	Subcutis	fatty abdomen	1
4	53	F	Breast	breast cancer	3
5	43	F	Breast	breast cancer	3
6	63	M	Spleen	stomach cancer	2
7	53	F	Spleen	stomach cancer	2
, 8	49	M	Lymph node	stomach cancer	2
0	46	M	Lymph node	stomach cancer	2
10	40 61	M	Skeletal muscle	angiosarcoma	2
11	25	M	Nasal mucosa	chronic sinusitis	1
12	2J 55	M		metastatic cancer of lung (from stomach)	2
12	12	F	Lung	lung cancer	2
14	42		Propehus		2
14	09 E0	1	blonchus		J 1
10	50		Redit		2
10	50	IVI	Salivary glanu		2
1/	50		Liver		3
18	53	F	Liver		2
19	42			nepatocellular carcinoma	3
20	64	IVI			2
21	63	M	Pancreas	stomach cancer	2
22	62	M	Pancreas	pancreas islet cell tumor	3
23	33	F	Ionsil	chronic tonsillitis	1
24	54	М	Esophagus	esophageal cancer	3
25	74	М	Esophagus	esophageal cancer	3
26	42	M	Stomach, body	stomach cancer	3
27	49	F	Stomach, body	stomach cancer	3
28	40	Μ	Stomach, antrum	stomach cancer	3
29	36	Μ	Stomach, smooth muscle	stomach cancer	3
30	57	F	Duodenum	ampulla of Vater cancer	3
31	77	М	Small bowel	pseudomyxoma peritonei	2
32	56	М	Small bowel	colonic diverticulosis	1
33	72	F	Appendix	metastatic cancer of ovary (from stomach)	2
34	72	F	Colon	rectal cancer	3
35	71	Μ	Colon	colon cancer	3
36	49	F	Rectum	rectal cancer	3
37	34	Μ	Kidney cortex	renal cell carcinoma	3
38	44	F	Kidney cortex	renal cell carcinoma	3
39	34	М	Kidney medulla	renal cell carcinoma	3
40	53	М	Urinary bladder	invasive bladder carcinoma	3
41	47	М	Prostate	bladder cancer	2
42	59	М	Prostate	bladder cancer	2
43	59	Μ	Seminal vesicle	bladder cancer	2
44	72	Μ	Testis	prostate cancer	2
45	42	F	Endometrium, proliferative	benign ovarian neoplasm	1
46	41	F	Endometrium, secretory	ovarian cancer	2
47	53	F	Myometrium	adenomyosis	1
48	42	F	Uterine cervix	leiomyoma	1
49	53	F	Salpinx	cervix cancer	2
50	39	F	Ovarv	ovary cancer	3
51	30	F	Placenta	mature placenta	1
52	uk	uk	Placenta	mid-trimester placenta	1
53	30	F	Umbilical cord	mature placenta	1
54	59	M	Adrenal gland	renal cell carcinoma	2
55	20	M	Thyroid	thyroid cancer	2
56	20	F	Thymus	lymphoid hyperplasia	1
50	20 0	F	Brain white matter	no abnormal finding	1
57	0	F	Brain, white matter	no abnormal finding	1
50	0	r F	Corobollum	no abnormal finding	1
09	U	Г	Carbon		
00	•	•	Calibuli		

NBP2-30232 - Human Multi-tissue Tissue MicroArray (Normal)