

Lcn2 (Rat) ELISA Kit

Catalog Number KA0560

96 assays

Version: 06

Intended for research use only



Table of Contents

Introduction	3
Intended Use	3
Background	3
Principle of the Assay	3
General Information	4
Materials Supplied	4
Storage Instruction	4
Materials Required but Not Supplied	4
Precautions for Use	5
Assay Protocol	6
Reagent Preparation	6
Sample Preparation	7
Assay Procedure	7
Data Analysis	g
Calculation of Results	g
Performance Characteristics	g
Resources	11
Plate Layout	



Introduction

Intended Use

For the quantitation of Rat Lcn2 concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, plasma (heparin) and urine.

Background

Lipocalin-2 (Lcn2), also known as NGAL, is a protein associated with neutrophil gelatinase. The Lcn2 gene is located at 9q34 and contains 7 exons. The 25-kD Lcn2 protein is believed to bind small lipophilic substances such as bacteria-derived lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and formylpeptides and may function as a modulator of inflammation. NGAL tightly binds bacterial catecholate-type ferric siderophores through a cyclically permuted, hybrid electrostatic/cation-pi interaction and is a potent bacteriostatic agent in iron-limiting conditions. The primary Lcn2 transcript is 3,696 nucleotides long, and the processed transcript is 809 nucleotides long. Lcn2 expression in adult bone marrow, uterus, prostate, salivary gland, stomach, appendix, colon, trachea, and lung, and in fetal spleen and lung. The standard product used in this kit is recombinant rat NGAL, consisting of 177 amino acids with the molecular mass of 21 kDa.

Principle of the Assay

The Lcn2 (Rat) ELISA Kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Rat Lcn2 with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for Lcn2. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for Lcn2. The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Rat Lcn2 with immunogen: Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: Q21-N198. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents. To measure Rat Lcn2, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbounded ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Rat Lcn2 in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Rat Lcn2 in the sample.



General Information

Materials Supplied

List of component

Component	Amount		
Anti-Rat Lcn2 Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	96 (8x12) wells		
Rat Lcn2 Standard	10 ng/tube x 2		
Rat Lcn2 Biotinylated antibody (100x)	130 µL		
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x)	130 µL		
Sample Diluent	30 mL		
Antibody Diluent	12 mL		
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	12 mL		
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	10 mL		
Stop Solution	10 mL		
Wash Buffer Powder	1 Pack		
Plate Sealers	4 slides		

Storage Instruction

Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

- ✓ Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.
- ✓ Automated plate washer (optional).
- ✓ Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µL through 1 mL volumes of aqueous solutions.
- ✓ Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.
- ✓ Deionized or distilled water.
- √ 500 mL graduated cylinders.
- ✓ Test tubes for dilution.



Precautions for Use

This protocol must be read in its entirety before using this product. For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

✓ Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

- 1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- 2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- 3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
- 4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
- 5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.



Assay Protocol

Reagent Preparation

- Bring all reagents to 37°C prior to use. The assay can also be done at room temperature however we recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also the TMB incubation time estimate (15-25 min) is based on 37°C.
 - Wash buffer
 Dissolve the wash buffer powder in 1000 mL of water to make 1X PBS wash buffer.
 - Biotinylated Anti-Rat Lcn2 antibody
 It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Rat Lcn2 Biotinylated antibody (100x) 1:100 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 100 μL by adding 1 μL of Biotinylated antibody (100x) to 99 μL of Antibody Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
 - Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex
 It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) 1:100 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 100 μL by adding 1 μL of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) to 99 μL of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
 - Rat Lcn2 Standard It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 10 ng of lyophilized Rat Lcn2 standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 10 ng/mL using 1mL of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.
 - Microplate

The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.

✓ Dilution of Rat Lcn2 Standard

- Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1 5000 pg/mL, #2 2500 pg/mL, #3 1250 pg/mL, #4 625 pg/mL, #5 312.5 pg/mL, #6 156.25 pg/mL, #7 78.125 pg/mL, #8 –Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).
- 2. To generate standard #1, add 500 μ L of the reconstituted standard stock solution of 10 ng/mL and 500 μ L of sample diluent to tube #1 for a final volume of 1000 μ L. Mix thoroughly.
- 3. Add 300 µL of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
- 4. To generate standard #2, add 300 μ L of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 μ L. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. To generate standard #3, add 300 µL of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600



μL. Mix thoroughly.

6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.

Sample Preparation

√ Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

- Cell culture supernatants: Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
- Serum: Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
- Plasma: Collect plasma using heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
 - *Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.
- Urine: Collect the first urine of the day, micturate directly into a sterile container. Remove impurities by centrifugation, assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.

✓ Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

It is recommended to prepare 150 μ L of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

Assay Procedure

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37°C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Reagent Preparation if you have missed this information).

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
- Add 100 μL of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add 100 μL of the sample diluent buffer into the zero well. At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
- 4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 120 minutes at RT (or 90 minutes at 37°C).
- 5. Remove the cover and discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.



- 6. Add 100 µL of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Rat Lcn2 antibody to each well.
- 7. Cover with plate sealer and incubate for 90 minutes at RT (or 60 minutes at 37°C).
- 8. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ L of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
- Add 100 μL of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 40 minutes at RT or 30 minutes at 37°C.
- 10. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ L of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
- 11. Add 90 µL of Color Developing Reagent to each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 15-25 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.).
- 12. Add 100 μL of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
- 13. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450 nm



Data Analysis

Calculation of Results

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit.

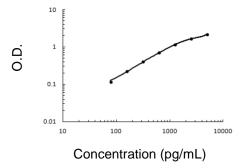
Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

✓ Lcn2 (Rat) ELISA Kit Standard Curve Sample

Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

Concentration (pg/mL)	0	78	156	313	625	1250	2500	5000
O.D.	0.062	0.176	0.283	0.462	0.762	1.201	1.702	2.244



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Performance Characteristics

Detection Range: 78 pg/mL-5000 pg/mL

- ✓ Sensitivity: < 10 pg/mL
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 - * The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.



- ✓ Specificity: Natural and recombinant Rat Lcn2
- ✓ Cross-reactivity: There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.
- ✓ Intra/Inter Assay Variability
- Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay)

Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision across assays)

Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

	Intra	-Assay Preci	ision	Inter-Assay Precision			
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3	
n	16	16	16	24	24	24	
Mean (pg/mL)	121	750	3188	126	727	3167	
Standard deviation	6.05	50.25	168.96	7.3	56.7	177.35	
CV (%)	5%	6.7%	5.3%	5.8%	7.8%	5.6%	

√ Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

Lots	Lot1	Lot2	Lot3	Lot4	Mean	Standard	CV (%)
	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	Deviation	
Sample 1	121	118	102	117	114	7.36	6.4%
Sample 2	750	751	693	740	733	23.77	3.2%
Sample 3	3188	2684	2847	3144	2965	208.95	7%

^{*}number of samples for each test n=16.



Resources

Plate Layout

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