## **Product Datasheet**

### RBFOX3/NeuN Antibody (NeuN/6694R) [Alexa Fluor® 750] NBP3-14008AF750

Unit Size: 0.1 ml

Store at 4C in the dark.

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#### NBP3-14008AF750

RBFOX3/NeuN Antibody (NeuN/6694R) [Alexa Fluor® 750]

Product Information     Unit Size   0.1 ml     Concentration   Please see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services.     Storage   Store at 4C in the dark.     Clonality   Monoclonal     Clone   NeuN/6694R     Preservative   0.05% Sodium Azide     Isotype   IgG Kappa     Conjugate   Alexa Fluor 750     Purity   Protein A or G purified     Buffer   SomM Sodium Borate     Product Description   Rabbit     Gene ID   146713     Gene Symbol   RBFOX3     Species   Human     Marker   Neuronal Marker     Specificity/Sensitivity   Neuronal Marker     Specificity/Sensitivity   NeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein lwv, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nucleus neurons, and sympathetic gangiton cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to reinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferitor olivary and dentate nucleus neurons and ego is in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining sugg		
ConcentrationPlease see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services.StorageStore at 4C in the dark.ClonalityMonoclonalCloneNeuN/6694RPreservative0.05% Sodium AzideIsotypeIgG KappaConjugateAlexa Fluor 750PurityProtein A or G purifiedBuffer50mM Sodium BorateProduct DescriptionHostRabbitGene BD146713Gene SymbolRBFOX3SpeciesHumanMarkerNeunonal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuNa antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates steed. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult torian atthough, some neurons fail to be recognized the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural nucleis are symples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepions that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of the reduce stating suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function, however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepions that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuro. Immunohistochemically detectable form purified nucleis. No difference between protein solated from purified nucleis. No difference between protein solated form purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunobitis has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide co	Product Information	
services.StorageStore at 4C in the dark.ClonalityMonoclonalCloneNeuN/6694RPreservative0.05% Sodium AzideIsotypeIgG KappaConjugateAlexa Fluor 750PurityProtein A or G purifiedBuffer50mM Sodium BorateProduct Description146713HostRabbitGene ID146713Gene SymbolRBFOX3SpeciesHumanMarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuN antibody specifically recognized the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neuronal all eres final and adult brain although, some neuronal all recession and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Intromons fail to be neuronal fuels cells, fierior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Intromonoreactivity appears are developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron from the cell cycle and s/or with the initiation of the neuron. Immunoreactivity appears are und E9.5 in the mouse neural tucle at stoing nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function, however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein function, in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized three before being transported back on the nucleus. No difference between protein solated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblists has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Unit Size	0.1 ml
ClonalityMonoclonalCloneNeuN/6694RPreservative0.05% Sodium AzideIsotypeIgG KappaConjugateAlexa Fluor 750PurityProtein A or G purifiedBuffer50mM Sodium BorateProduct DescriptionHostHostRabbitGene ID146713Gene SymbolRBFOX3SpeciesHumanMarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuronal dyspecifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain atthough, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron. Immunoreactivity appears around E0.5 in the mouse neural taing existing suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein as a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic ceresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Concentration	•
CloneNeuN/6694RPreservative0.05% Sodium AzideIsotypeIgG KappaConjugateAlexa Fluor 750PurityProtein A or G purifiedBuffer50mM Sodium BorateProduct DescriptionHostRabbitGene ID146713Gene SymbolRBFOX3SpeciesHumanMarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuronal specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function, however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein insta to the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function, however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein antigen has a function on inde disting tothear stain or the mer stract on immunobiots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic ceptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Storage	Store at 4C in the dark.
Preservative   0.05% Sodium Azide     Isotype   IgG Kappa     Conjugate   Alexa Fluor 750     Purity   Protein A or G purified     Buffer   50mM Sodium Borate     Product Description   Rabbit     Gene ID   146713     Gene Symbol   RBFOX3     Species   Human     Marker   Neuronal Marker     Specificity/Sensitivity   NeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is nerely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthes	Clonality	Monoclonal
IsotypeIgG KappaConjugateAlexa Fluor 750PurityProtein A or G purifiedBuffer50mM Sodium BorateProduct DescriptionRabbitHostRabbitGene ID146713Gene SymbolRBFOX3SpeciesHumanMarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuRonal model and some proximal neurons provide the original attraction of the neuron first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of terminal differentiation of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of terminal differentiation of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of terminal differentiation of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of terminal differentiation of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Clone	NeuN/6694R
Conjugate Alexa Fluor 750   Purity Protein A or G purified   Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate   Product Description Host   Host Rabbit   Gene ID 146713   Gene Symbol RBFOX3   Species Human   Marker Neuronal Marker   Specificity/Sensitivity NeuV antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.	Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide
Purity Protein A or G purified   Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate   Product Description Rabbit   Host Rabbit   Gene ID 146713   Gene Symbol RBFOX3   Species Human   Marker Neuronal Marker   Specificity/Sensitivity NeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal Cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, ne evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein instigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.	Isotype	IgG Kappa
Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate   Product Description Rabbit   Host Rabbit   Gene ID 146713   Gene Symbol RBFOX3   Species Human   Marker Neuronal Marker   Specificity/Sensitivity NeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exits as to whether the NeuN protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.	Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 750
Product Description   Host Rabbit   Gene ID 146713   Gene Symbol RBFOX3   Species Human   Marker Neuronal Marker   Specificity/Sensitivity NeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of terminal differentiation of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether it he NeuN protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.	Purity	Protein A or G purified
HostRabbitGene ID146713Gene SymbolRBFOX3SpeciesHumanMarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuR antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of terminal differentiation of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Buffer	50mM Sodium Borate
Gene ID146713Gene SymbolRBFOX3SpeciesHumanMarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron from the cell cycle and/or with the initiation of terminal differentiation of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Product Description	
Gene SymbolRBFOX3SpeciesHumanMarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether it he NeuN protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Host	Rabbit
SpeciesHumanMarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Gene ID	146713
MarkerNeuronal MarkerSpecificity/SensitivityNeuN antibody specifically recognizes the DNA-binding, neuron-specific protein NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuro. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein function; however, no evidence currently exists as to whether the NeuN protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Gene Symbol	RBFOX3
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NeuN, which is present in most CNS and PNS neuronal cell types of all vertebrates tested. NeuN protein distributions are apparently restricted to neuronal nuclei and some proximal neuronal processes in both fetal and adult brain although, some neurons fail to be recognized by NeuN at all ages: INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, Purkinje cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons, and sympathetic ganglion cells are examples. Immunohistochemically detectable NeuN protein first appears at developmental timepoints that correspond with the withdrawal of the neuron. Immunoreactivity appears around E9.5 in the mouse neural tube and is extensive throughout the developing nervous system by E12.5. Strong nuclear staining suggests a nuclear regulatory protein antigen has a function in the distal cytoplasm or whether it is merely synthesized there before being transported back into the nucleus. No difference between protein isolated from purified nuclei and whole brain extract on immunoblots has been found.ImmunogenA synthetic peptide corresponding to residues within aa30-60 of human	Marker	Neuronal Marker
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	Immunogen	



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Product Application Details	
Applications	Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin
<b>Recommended Dilutions</b>	Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin
Application Notes	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

Notes





#### Novus Biologicals USA

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#### Products Related to NBP3-14008AF750

NBP1-77686PEP	RBFOX3/NeuN Antibody Blocking Peptide
DBD00	BDNF [HRP]
NBP2-10659	RBFOX3/NeuN Overexpression Lysate
AF835	Caspase-3 Antibody [Unconjugated] - Active

#### Limitations

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

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