Product Datasheet

IgA Antibody (HISA43) [mFluor Violet 450 SE] NBP3-11510MFV450

Unit Size: 0.1 ml

Store at 4C in the dark.

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NBP3-11510MFV450

IgA Antibody (HISA43) [mFluor Violet 450 SE]

or as monomers. Dimers and polymers contain a joining (J) chain that can be bound by the polymeric immunoglobulin receptor (plgR) for transportation of the molecule to mucosal surfaces. The most common feature of plasmacytomas, and certain non-Hodgkins lymphomas is the restricted expression of a single	IGA Antibody (FISA43) [Includit violet 430 SE]		
Please see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services.	Product Information		
Store at 4C in the dark. Clonality Monoclonal Clone HISA43 Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide Isotype IgG1 Kappa Conjugate mFluor Violet 450 SE Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 3493 Gene Symbol GHA1 Species Human Marker B-Cell Marker Specificity/Sensitivity This monoclonal antibody is specific to heavy chain of IgA and shows minimal cross-reaction with heavy chains of other immunoglobulins. It is reactive with both IgA1 and IgA2 subclasses of Alpha heavy chain. It reacts with the third constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the third constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant domain (CH3) of the minus of IgA molecules. Interest with the hird constant doma	Unit Size	0.1 ml	
Clona	Concentration	·	
Clone	Storage	Store at 4C in the dark.	
Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide	Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype	Clone	HISA43	
Protein A or G purified	Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide	
Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 3493 Gene Symbol IGHA1 Speciles Human Marker B-Cell Marker Specificity/Sensitivity This monoclonal antibody is specific to heavy chain of IgA and shows minimal cross-reaction with heavy chains of other immunoglobulins. It is reactive with both IgA1 and IgA2 subclasses of Alpha heavy chain. It reacts with the third constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA mouglobulins are four-chain, Y-shaped, monomeric structures comprised of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains held together through inter-chain disulfide bonds. The chains form two domains, the Fab (antigen binding) fragment and the Fc (constant) fragment. Immunoglobulin A (IgA) is the main protein of the mucosal immune system. It is generated by B-cells in gut-associated lymphoid tissues. Daily production of IgA exceeds that of any of the other immunoglobulins. IgA exists mainly in dimers but can also exist as polymers or as monomers. Dimers and polymers contain a joining (J) chain that can be bound by the polymeric immunoglobulin receptor (pIgR) for transportation of the molecule to mucosal surfaces. The most common feature of plasmacytomas, and certain non-Hodgkins lymphomas is the restricted expression of a single heavy chain class. Demonstration of clonality in lymphoid infiltrates indicates that the infiltrate is clonal and therefore malignant. Immunogen Purified human IgA Notes mFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Applications Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffiin, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffiin, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry.	Isotype	IgG1 Kappa	
Buffer SomM Sodium Borate	Conjugate	mFluor Violet 450 SE	
Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 3493 Gene Symbol IGHA1 Species Human Marker B-Cell Marker Specificity/Sensitivity This monoclonal antibody is specific to heavy chain of IgA and shows minimal cross-reaction with heavy chains of other immunoglobulins. It is reactive with both IgA1 and IgA2 subclasses of Alpha heavy chain. It reacts with the third constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Immunoglobulins are four-chain, Y-shaped, monomeric structures comprised of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains held together through inter-chain disulfide bonds. The chains form two domains, the Fab (antigen binding) fragment and the Fc (constant) fragment. Immunoglobulin A (IgA) is the main protein of the mucosal immune system. It is generated by B-cells in gut-associated lymphoid tissues. Daily production of IgA exceeds that of any of the other immunoglobulins. IgA exists mainly in dimers but can also exist as polymers or as monomers. Dimers and polymers contain a joining (J) chain that can be bound by the polymeric immunoglobulin receptor (pIgR) for transportation of the molecule to mucosal surfaces. The most common feature of plasmacytomas, and certain non-Hodgkins lymphomas is the restricted expression of a single heavy chain class. Demonstration of clonality in lymphoid infiltrates indicates that the infiltrate is clonal and therefore malignant. Immunogen Purified human IgA Notes mFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Applications Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofiluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofiluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin,	Purity	Protein A or G purified	
Host Mouse	Buffer	50mM Sodium Borate	
Gene Symbol Gene Symbol IGHA1 Species Human B-Cell Marker Specificity/Sensitivity This monoclonal antibody is specific to heavy chain of IgA and shows minimal cross-reaction with heavy chains of other immunoglobulins. It is reactive with both IgA1 and IgA2 subclasses of Alpha heavy chain. It reacts with the third constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Immunoglobulins are four-chain, Y-shaped, monomeric structures comprised of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains held together through inter-chain disulfide bonds. The chains form two domains, the Fab (antigen binding) fragment and the Fc (constant) fragment. Immunoglobulin A (IgA) is the main protein of the mucosal immune system. It is generated by B-cells in gut-associated lymphoid tissues. Daily production of IgA exceeds that of any of the other immunoglobulins. IgA exists mainly in dimers but can also exist as polymers or as monomers. Dimers and polymers contain a joining (J) chain that can be bound by the polymeric immunoglobulin receptor (pIgR) for transportation of the molecule to mucosal surfaces. The most common feature of plasmacytomas, and certain non-Hodgkins lymphomas is the restricted expression of a single heavy chain class. Demonstration of clonality in lymphoid infiltrates indicates that the infiltrate is clonal and therefore malignant. Immunogen Purified human IgA Notes ### MFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Applications Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, I	Product Description		
Gene Symbol IGHA1	Host	Mouse	
Species	Gene ID	3493	
Marker Specificity/Sensitivity This monoclonal antibody is specific to heavy chain of IgA and shows minimal cross-reaction with heavy chains of other immunoglobulins. It is reactive with both IgA1 and IgA2 subclasses of Alpha heavy chain. It reacts with the third constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Immunoglobulins are four-chain, Y-shaped, monomeric structures comprised of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains held together through inter-chain disulfide bonds. The chains form two domains, the Fab (antigen binding) fragment and the Fc (constant) fragment. Immunoglobulin A (IgA) is the main protein of the mucosal immune system. It is generated by B-cells in gut-associated lymphoid tissues. Daily production of IgA exceeds that of any of the other immunoglobulins. IgA exists mainly in dimers but can also exist as polymers or as monomers. Dimers and polymers contain a joining (J) chain that can be bound by the polymeric immunoglobulin receptor (IgIR) for transportation of the molecule to mucosal surfaces. The most common feature of plasmacytomas, and certain non-Hodgkins lymphomas is the restricted expression of a single heavy chain class. Demonstration of clonality in lymphoid infiltrates indicates that the infiltrate is clonal and therefore malignant. Immunogen Notes mFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Applications Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluores	Gene Symbol	IGHA1	
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Notes mFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Applications Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence Recommended Dilutions Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin,	Specificity/Sensitivity	cross-reaction with heavy chains of other immunoglobulins. It is reactive with both IgA1 and IgA2 subclasses of Alpha heavy chain. It reacts with the third constant domain (CH3) of the alpha chain of IgA molecules. Immunoglobulins are four-chain, Y-shaped, monomeric structures comprised of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains held together through inter-chain disulfide bonds. The chains form two domains, the Fab (antigen binding) fragment and the Fc (constant) fragment. Immunoglobulin A (IgA) is the main protein of the mucosal immune system. It is generated by B-cells in gut-associated lymphoid tissues. Daily production of IgA exceeds that of any of the other immunoglobulins. IgA exists mainly in dimers but can also exist as polymers or as monomers. Dimers and polymers contain a joining (J) chain that can be bound by the polymeric immunoglobulin receptor (pIgR) for transportation of the molecule to mucosal surfaces. The most common feature of plasmacytomas, and certain non-Hodgkins lymphomas is the restricted expression of a single heavy chain class. Demonstration of clonality in lymphoid infiltrates indicates that the infiltrate is clonal and therefore malignant.	
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Applications Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence Recommended Dilutions Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin,	Notes	demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The	
Recommended Dilutions Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin,	Product Application Details		
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin,	•		
	Recommended Dilutions	Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin,	



Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

Images

IgA Antibody (HISA43) [mFluor Violet 450 SE] [NBP3-11510MFV450] - Vial of mFluor Violet 450 conjugated antibody. mFluor Violet 450 is optimally excited at 406 nm by the Violet laser (405 nm) and has an emission maximum of 445 nm.





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DDXCH06P-100 Human IgA Isotype Control

D6050 IL-6 [HRP]

6507-IL-010/CF IL-4 [Unconjugated]

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This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

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