# **Product Datasheet**

# MUC5AC Antibody (2-11M1) [Alexa Fluor® 594] NBP3-11418AF594

Unit Size: 0.1 ml

Store at 4C in the dark.

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## NBP3-11418AF594

MUC5AC Antibody (2-11M1) [Alexa Fluor® 594]

Unit Size	MUC5AC Antibody (2-11M1) [Alexa Fluor® 594]		
Please see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services.	Product Information		
Storage Store at 4C in the dark.  Clonality Monoclonal  Clone 2-11M1  Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide  Isotype IgG1 Kappa  Conjugate Alexa Fluor 594  Purity Protein A or G purified  Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host Mouse  Gene ID 4586  Gene Symbol MUC5AC  Species Human, Mouse, Bovine, Feline, Monkey  Specificity/Sensitivity  This monoclonal antibody recognizes the peptide core of gastric mucin M1 (recently identified as Mucin 5AC). Its epitope is located in the N-terminal cystein erich part of the peptide core of MUC5AC, which is heavily glycosylated. Its epitope is destroyed by beta-mercaptoethanol but not by periodate treatment. monoclonal antibody 2-11M1 reacts with the protein backbone exclusively; it only reacts with fully deglycosylated. This can be achieved with standard periodate oxidation method. The success of the deglycosylation, the preparation should no longer be stainable with PAS reagent. Only then 2-11M1 will react should MUC5AC be present. This mucin is present in primary ovarian mucinous cancer but usually absent in colorectal adenocarcinoma, thus showing an expression pattern opposite to MUC5. Together with a panel of antibodies, Anti-MUC5AC may be useful for differential identification of primary mucinous ovarian tumors from colon adenocarcinoma metastatic to the ovary. MUC5AC antibodies may also be useful for identification of intestinal metaplasia as well as in the identification of pancreatic carcinoma and pre-cancerous changes vs. normal pancreas.  Immunogen  M1 mucin preparation from the fluid of an ovarian mucinous cyst belonging to an	Unit Size	0.1 ml	
Clone 2-11M1  Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide  Isotype IgG1 Kappa  Conjugate Alexa Fluor 594  Purity Protein A or G purified  Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host Mouse  Gene ID 4586  Gene Symbol MUC5AC  Species Human, Mouse, Bovine, Feline, Monkey  Specificity/Sensitivity This monoclonal antibody recognizes the peptide core of gastric mucin M1 (recently identified as Mucin 5AC). Its epitope is located in the N-terminal cysteine rich part of the peptide core of MUC5AC, which is heavily glycosylated. Its epitope is destroyed by beta-mercaptoethanol but not by periodate treatment. monoclonal antibody 2-11M1 reacts with the protein backbone exclusively; it only reacts with fully deglycosylated. This can be ackede with standard periodate oxidation method. The success of the deglycosylation can be checked with routine PAS (Periodic Acid Shiff) staining. After deglycosylation with unuine PAS (Periodic Acid Shiff) staining. After deglycosylation mucinous cancer but usually absent in colorectal adenocarcinoma, thus showing an expression pattern opposite to MUC2. Together with a panel of antibodies, Anti-MUC5AC may be useful for identification of primary ovarian mucinous cancer but usually absent in colorectal adenocarcinoma, thus showing an expression pattern opposite to MUC2. Together with a panel of antibodies, Anti-MUC5AC may be useful for identification of primary mucinous ovarian tumors from colon adenocarcinoma metastatic to the ovary, MUC5AC antibodies may also be useful for identification of intestinal metaplasia as well as in the identification of pancrearcious and pre-cancerous changes vs. normal pancreas.	Concentration	·	
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Preservative   Isotype	Clonality	Monoclonal	
IgG1 Kappa	Clone	2-11M1	
Conjugate  Alexa Fluor 594  Purity  Protein A or G purified  Buffer  50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host  Mouse  Gene ID  4586  Gene Symbol  MUC5AC  Species  Human, Mouse, Bovine, Feline, Monkey  Specificity/Sensitivity  This monoclonal antibody recognizes the peptide core of gastric mucin M1 (recently identified as Mucin 5AC). Its epitope is located in the N-terminal cysteine rich part of the peptide core of MUC5AC, which is heavily glycosylated. Its epitope is destroyed by beta-mercaptoethanol but not by periodate treatment. monoclonal antibody 2-11M1 reacts with the protein backbone exclusively; it only reacts with fully deglycosylated MUC5AC. Therefore, the material under test should also be fully deglycosylated. This can be achieved with standard periodate oxidation method. The success of the deglycosylation, the preparation should no longer be stainable with PAS reagent. Only then 2-11M1 will react should MUC5AC be present. This mucin is present in primary ovarian mucinous cancer but usually absent in colorectal adenocarcinoma, thus showing an expression pattern opposite to MUC2. Together with a panel of antibodies, Anti-MUC5AC may be useful for differential identification of primary mucinous ovarian tumors from colon adenocarcinoma metastatic to the ovary. MUC5AC antibodies may also be useful for identification of intestinal metaplasia as well as in the identification of pancreatic carcinoma and pre-cancerous changes vs. normal pancreas.  Immunogen  M1 mucin preparation from the fluid of an ovarian mucinous cyst belonging to an	Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide	
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	Immunogen		



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Product Application Details	
Applications	ELISA, Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunofluorescence
Recommended Dilutions	Flow Cytometry, ELISA, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence,

Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

Immunofluorescence

**Application Notes** 



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## Products Related to NBP3-11418AF594

IC002T Mouse IgG1 Isotype Control (11711) [Alexa Fluor® 594] H00004586-Q01-10ug Recombinant Human MUC5AC GST (N-Term) Protein

210-TA-005 TNF-alpha [Unconjugated]

NBP2-76703 Human MUC5AC ELISA Kit (Colorimetric)

#### Limitations

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

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