Product Datasheet

Fibrin beta-chain Antibody (8E5) [Alexa Fluor® 488] NBP2-81110AF488

Unit Size: 0.1 ml

Store at 4C in the dark.

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Fibrin beta-chain Antibody (8E5) [Alexa Fluor® 488]

Product Information Unit Size 0.1 ml Concentration Please see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services. Storage Store at 4C in the dark. Clonality Monoclonal Clone 8E5 Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide Isotype IgG1 Kappa Conjugate Alexa Fluor 488 Purity Protein A purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description 2244 Gene ID 2244 Gene Symbol FGB Specificity/Sensitivity 8E5 binds to the amino-terminal region of the beta-chain of human fibrin at an epitope consiting of GHRPLDKC. Binding is possible in both the monomeric form and the polymeric form of the protein. This patide sequence is found only in fibrin, and not in its precursor fibrinogen and so there is no cross-reactivity with fibringen. Fibrin is a non-globular protein which plays a role in the cloting of blood and circulates as the precursor fibrinogen. Polymerization occurs through the action of the proteins through the action of the proteins with platelets over a wound site. Immunogen 8E5 was prepared fusing Sp2/o myeloma cells with spleen cells derived from female BALB/c mice immunized with a synthetic beta-fibrin peptide sequence GHRPLDKC conjugated to MB-KLH (maleimidobenzoylated keyhole limpet hemocyanin)		•			
ConcentrationPlease see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services.StorageStore at 4C in the dark.ClonalityMonoclonalClone8E5Preservative0.05% Sodium AzideIsotypeIgG1 KappaConjugateAlexa Fluor 488PurityProtein A purifiedBuffer50mM Sodium BorateProduct DescriptionMouseGene ID2244Gene SymbolFGBSpeciesHumanSpecificity/Sensitivity8E5 binds to the amino-terminal region of the beta-chain of human fibrin at an epitope consiting of GHRPLDKC. Binding is possible in both the monomeric form and the polymeric form of the protein. This peptide sequence is found only in fibrin, and not in its precursor fibrinogen. Polymerization occurs through the action of the protein. This peptide sequence is found only in fibrin, and not in its precursor fibrinogen. Polymerization occurs through the action of the proteis with or esuits in the active fibrin. Fibrin polymerizes as an insoluble matrix and forms a clot along with platelets over a wound site.Immunogen8E5 was prepared fusing Sp2/o myelom acells with spleen cells derived from female BALB/c mice immunized with a synthetic beta-fibrin peptide sequence GHRPLDKC conjugated to MB-KLH (maleimidobenzoylated keyhole limpet	Product Information				
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Product Application Details	
Applications	ELISA, In vivo assay
Recommended Dilutions	ELISA, In vivo assay

Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.

WW			

Application Notes





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IC002G	Mouse IgG1 Isotype Control (11711) [Alexa Fluor® 488]
D6050	IL-6 [HRP]
DY1707	C-Reactive Protein/CRP [Biotin]
NB110-60531	Apolipoprotein E/ApoE Antibody (WUE-4) - BSA Free

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This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

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