Product Datasheet

Nucleolin Antibody (364-5 + NCL/902) [mFluor Violet 610 SE] NBP2-47862MFV610

Unit Size: 0.1 ml

Store at 4C in the dark.

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NBP2-47862MFV610

Product Information

Nucleolin Antibody (364-5 + NCL/902) [mFluor Violet 610 SE]

Unit Size		
Services Store at 4C in the dark.	Unit Size	0.1 ml
Clonality Monoclonal Clone 364-5 + NCL/902 Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide Isotype IgG1 Kappa/IgG1 Kappa Conjugate mFluor Violet 610 SE Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 4691 Gene Symbol NCL Species Human, Bovine (Negative), Mouse (Negative), Rat (Negative) Reactivity Notes Does not react with Mouse, Rat and Bovine. Marker Marker of Human Cells Specificity/Sensitivity Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). It is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. NCL is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleous. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-inbosomal particles. Human CL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-RNA transcription and ribosome assembly. This monoclonal antibody can be used to stain the nucleol in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a marker of the nucleol in cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or forcen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or forcen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or forcen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or forcen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or forcen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or forcen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or forcen tissue sections. It can be used to the datashed.	Concentration	· ·
Clone 364-5 + NCL/902 Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide Isotype IgG1 Kappa/IgG1 Kappa Conjugate mFluor Violet 610 SE Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Messamble Mouse Gene ID 4691 Gene Symbol NCL Species Human, Bovine (Negative), Mouse (Negative), Rat (Negative) Reactivity Notes Does not react with Mouse, Rat and Bovine. Marker Marker of Human Cells Specificity/Sensitivity Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). It is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. NCL is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-irbosomal particles. Human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-irRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. This monoclonal antibody can be used to stain the nucleoll in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a marker of the nucleoll in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as marker of the nucleoll in frozen tissue sections. It croduces a speckled pattern in the nucleol cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It produces a speckled pattern in the nucleol of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissues or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. Immunogen Lysate of SU-DHL-1 Nuclei (364-5); Recombinant human NCL protein (NCL/902) (Uniprot: P19338) Notes Floric(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Applications Western Biot, Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, (yTOF-ready, Immunofluorescence, CyTOF-ready)	Storage	Store at 4C in the dark.
Preservative IgG1 Kappa/IgG1 Kappa	Clonality	Monoclonal
IgG1 Kappa/IgG1 Kappa	Clone	364-5 + NCL/902
Purity	Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide
Purity Protein A or G purified Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 4691 Gene Symbol NCL Species Human, Bovine (Negative), Mouse (Negative), Rat (Negative) Reactivity Notes Does not react with Mouse, Rat and Bovine. Marker Marker of Human Cells Specificity/Sensitivity Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). It is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. NCL is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. Human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. This monoclonal antibody can be used to stain the nucleol in subcellular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nucleol of cells of normal and malignant cells and may be used to stain the nucleol in subcellular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nucleol of cells in fixed or forzen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol of cells for fixed frozen tissue sections. It can be used to	Isotype	IgG1 Kappa/IgG1 Kappa
Buffer SomM Sodium Borate	Conjugate	mFluor Violet 610 SE
Product Description Host Mouse Gene ID 4691 Gene Symbol NCL Species Human, Bovine (Negative), Mouse (Negative), Rat (Negative) Reactivity Notes Does not react with Mouse, Rat and Bovine. Marker Marker Human Cells Specificity/Sensitivity Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). It is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. NCL is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. Human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. This monoclonal antibody can be used to stain the nucleol in subcellular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nucleol of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol in cell or insubcellular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nucleol for cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used to stain the nucleol in cell fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded (Uniprot: P19338) Notes Product Application Details Applications Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunofluorescence. Immunohistochemistry, Immuno	Purity	Protein A or G purified
Host Mouse Gene ID 4691 Gene Symbol NCL Species Human, Bovine (Negative), Mouse (Negative), Rat (Negative) Reactivity Notes Does not react with Mouse, Rat and Bovine. Marker Marker of Human Cells Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). It is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. NCL is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. Human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. This monoclonal antibody can be used to stain the nucleoli in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a marker of the nucleoli in subceillular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nuclein feel of cells of normal and malignant cells and may be used to stain the nucleoli of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. Immunogen Lysate of SU-DHL-1 Nuclei (364-5); Recombinant human NCL protein (NCL/902) (Uniprot: P19338) Notes mFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Applications Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohist	Buffer	50mM Sodium Borate
Gene ID 4691 Gene Symbol NCL Species Human, Bovine (Negative), Mouse (Negative), Rat (Negative) Reactivity Notes Does not react with Mouse, Rat and Bovine. Marker Marker of Human Cells Specificity/Sensitivity Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). It is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. NCL is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. Human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. This monoclonal antibody can be used to stain the nucleoli in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a marker of the nucleoli in subcellular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nuclei of cells of normal and malignant cells and may be used to stain the nucleoli of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. Immunogen Lysate of SU-DHL-1 Nuclei (364-5); Recombinant human NCL protein (NCL/902) (Uniprot: P19338) Notes mFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Ap	Product Description	
Species	Host	Mouse
Species	Gene ID	4691
Reactivity Notes Does not react with Mouse, Rat and Bovine. Marker Marker of Human Cells Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). It is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. NCL is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. Human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. This monoclonal antibody can be used to stain the nucleoli in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a marker of the nucleoli in subcellular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nuclei of cells of normal and malignant cells and may be used to stain the nucleoli of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. Lysate of SU-DHL-1 Nuclei (364-5); Recombinant human NCL protein (NCL/902) (Uniprot: P19338) Notes mFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Applications Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, CyTOF-ready, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, CyTOF-ready	Gene Symbol	NCL
Marker Marker of Human Cells Specificity/Sensitivity Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). It is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. NCL is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. Human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. This monoclonal antibody can be used to stain the nucleoli in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a marker of the nucleoli in subcellular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nucleoi of cells of normal and malignant cells and may be used to stain the nucleoli of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. Immunogen Lysate of SU-DHL-1 Nuclei (364-5); Recombinant human NCL protein (NCL/902) (Uniprot: P19338) Notes mFluor(TM) is a trademark of AAT Bioquest, Inc. This conjugate is made on demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet. Product Application Details Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, CyTOF-ready, Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, CyTOF-ready	Species	Human, Bovine (Negative), Mouse (Negative), Rat (Negative)
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Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, CyTOF-ready, Immunofluorescence Recommended Dilutions Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, CyTOF-ready	Product Application Details	
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunofluorescence, CyTOF-ready	Applications	Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, CyTOF-ready,
Application Notes Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.	Recommended Dilutions	Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin,
	Application Notes	Optimal dilution of this antibody should be experimentally determined.



Images

Nucleolin Antibody (364-5 + NCL/902) [mFluor Violet 610 SE] [NBP2-47862MFV610] - Vial of mFluor Violet 610 conjugated antibody. mFluor Violet 610 is optimally excited at 421 nm by the Violet laser (405 nm) and has an emission maximum of 613 nm.







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Products Related to NBP2-47862MFV610

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210-TA-005 TNF-alpha [Unconjugated]

H00004691-T02 Nucleolin 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate

AF835 Caspase-3 Antibody [Unconjugated] - Active

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