# **Product Datasheet**

# CD79A Antibody (SPM550) [Alexa Fluor® 488] NBP2-34792AF488

Unit Size: 0.1 ml

Store at 4C in the dark.

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# NBP2-34792AF488

CD79A Antibody (SPM550) [Alexa Fluor® 488]

found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen  A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	CD79A Antibody (SPM550) [Alex	a Fluor® 488]
Concentration  Please see the vial label for concentration. If unlisted please contact technical services.  Storage  Store at 4C in the dark.  Clonality  Monoclonal  Clone  SPM550  Preservative  0.05% Sodium Azide  Isotype  IgG1 Kappa  Conjugate  Alexa Fluor 488  Purity  Protein A or G purified  Buffer  50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host  Mouse  Gene ID  973  Gene Symbol  CD79A  Species  Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey  Marker  B-Cell Marker  Specificity/Sensitivity  A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulins on B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. As of endothelial cells as well.	Product Information	
Storage Store at 4C in the dark.  Clonality Monoclonal  Clone SPM550  Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide  Isotype IgG1 Kappa  Conjugate Alexa Fluor 488  Purity Protein A or G purified  Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host Mouse  Gene ID 973  Gene Symbol CD79A  Species Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey  Marker B-Cell Marker  Specificity/Sensitivity A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immonoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in son myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell myphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. This ontibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Unit Size	0.1 ml
Clone SPM550  Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide  Isotype IgG1 Kappa  Conjugate Alexa Fluor 488  Purity Protein A or G purified  Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host Mouse  Gene ID 973  Gene Symbol CD79A  Species Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey  Marker B-Cell Marker  Specificity/Sensitivity A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it if found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell rymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphomas and cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Concentration	'
Clone SPM550  Preservative 0.05% Sodium Azide  Isotype IgG1 Kappa  Conjugate Alexa Fluor 488  Purity Protein A or G purified  Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host Mouse  Gene ID 973  Gene Symbol CD79A  Species Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey  Marker B-Cell Marker  Specificity/Sensitivity A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulin con B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin son B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin son B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin son B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it if found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphomas acell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Storage	Store at 4C in the dark.
Preservative   IgG1 Kappa   IgG1 Kappa   IgG1 Kappa   Alexa Fluor 488	Clonality	Monoclonal
IgG1 Kappa	Clone	SPM550
Conjugate  Alexa Fluor 488  Purity  Protein A or G purified  50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host  Mouse  Gene ID  973  Gene Symbol  CD79A  Species  Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey  Marker  B-Cell Marker  Specificity/Sensitivity  A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it if found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen  A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide
Purity Protein A or G purified  Buffer 50mM Sodium Borate  Product Description  Host Mouse  Gene ID 973  Gene Symbol CD79A  Species Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey  Marker B-Cell Marker  Specificity/Sensitivity A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in son myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Isotype	IgG1 Kappa
Buffer   SomM Sodium Borate	Conjugate	Alexa Fluor 488
Product Description  Host  Mouse  Gene ID  973  Gene Symbol  CD79A  Species  Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey  Marker  Specificity/Sensitivity  A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphomal/eukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen  A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Purity	Protein A or G purified
Host Gene ID 973 Gene Symbol CD79A Species Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey Marker B-Cell Marker Specificity/Sensitivity A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it if found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen  Mouse  A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Buffer	50mM Sodium Borate
Gene Symbol CD79A  Species Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey  Marker B-Cell Marker  Specificity/Sensitivity  A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it if found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen  A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Product Description	
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Species   Human, Mouse, Rat, Porcine, Bovine, Monkey	Gene ID	973
Marker  B-Cell Marker  A disulphide-linked heterodimer, consisting of mb-1 (or CD79a) and B29 (or CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it if found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen  A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Gene Symbol	CD79A
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CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it is found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in som myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of plasma cell myeloma and occasionally some types of endothelial cells as well.  Immunogen  A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of	Marker	B-Cell Marker
	Specificity/Sensitivity	CD79b) polypeptides, is non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of mb-1 and B29 polypeptides and immunoglobulin constitute the B cell Ag receptor. CD79a first appears at pre B cell stage, early in maturation, and persists until the plasma cell stage where it is found as an intracellular component. CD79a is found in the majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, B cell lymphomas, and in some myelomas. It is not present in myeloid or T cell lines. Anti-CD79a is generally used to complement anti-CD20 especially for mature B-cell lymphomas after treatment with Rituximab (anti-CD20). This antibody will stain many of the same lymphomas as anti-CD20, but also is more likely to stain B-lymphoblastic lymphoma/leukemia than is anti-CD20. Anti-CD79a also stains more cases of
	Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to aa 202-216 (GTYQDVGSLNIADVQ) of human CD79A protein. (Uniprot: P11912)



	Page 2 01 3 V.20.1 Opdated 10/23/2024
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<b>Product Application Details</b>	
Applications	Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, CyTOF-ready
Recommended Dilutions	Western Blot, Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, CyTOF-ready

demand. Actual recovery may vary from the stated volume of this product. The volume will be greater than or equal to the unit size stated on the datasheet.





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### **Products Related to NBP2-34792AF488**

IC002G Mouse IgG1 Isotype Control (11711) [Alexa Fluor® 488]

NBP2-60209-50ug Recombinant Human CD79A His Protein

7268-CT-100 CTLA-4 [Unconjugated] 9685-CD-050 CD79A [Unconjugated]

#### Limitations

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

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