

Product Datasheet

Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free NB100-417

Unit Size: 0.1 ml

Store at -20C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

www.novusbio.com



technical@novusbio.com

Reviews: 7 Publications: 292

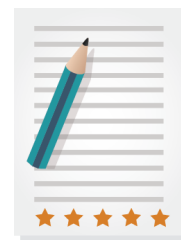
Protocols, Publications, Related Products, Reviews, Research Tools and Images at:
www.novusbio.com/NB100-417

Updated 2/17/2025 v.20.1

**Earn rewards for product
reviews and publications.**

Submit a publication at www.novusbio.com/publications

Submit a review at www.novusbio.com/reviews/destination/NB100-417



NB100-417

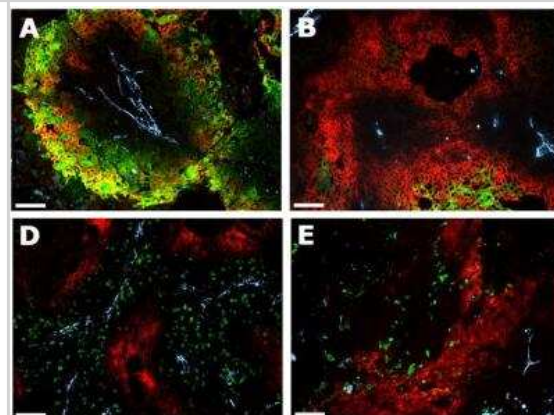
Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free

Product Information	
Unit Size	0.1 ml
Concentration	1.0 mg/ml
Storage	Store at -20C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Preservative	0.02% Sodium Azide
Isotype	IgG
Purity	Immunogen affinity purified
Buffer	PBS
Target Molecular Weight	55 kDa
Product Description	
Host	Rabbit
Gene ID	768
Gene Symbol	CA9
Species	Human, Mouse, Rat, Plant
Marker	Hypoxia Marker
Immunogen	This Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody was made from a synthetic peptide from the C-terminal sequence of human Carbonic Anhydrase IX (within residues 400-459) [UniProt# Q16790].
Product Application Details	
Applications	Western Blot, Simple Western, ELISA, Flow Cytometry, Gel Super Shift Assays, Immunoblotting, Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Immunohistochemistry-Frozen, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin, Immunoprecipitation, Microarray, Proximity Ligation Assay, Chromatin Immunoprecipitation (ChIP), Dual RNAscope ISH-IHC
Recommended Dilutions	Western Blot 1 - 3 ug/ml, Simple Western 1:50, Flow Cytometry 1:1000, ELISA reported in scientific literature (PMID 19963243), Immunohistochemistry 1:200 - 1:500, Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence 2 - 5 ug/ml, Immunoprecipitation 1:10 - 1:500. Use reported in multiple pieces of scientific literature, Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin 1:200 - 1:500, Immunohistochemistry-Frozen 1:200 - 1:500, Immunoblotting, Gel Super Shift Assays, Proximity Ligation Assay, Microarray reported in scientific literature (PMID 31955345), Chromatin Immunoprecipitation (ChIP) 1:10-1:500, Dual RNAscope ISH-IHC 1:1000
Application Notes	In Western blot a band is observed approx. 53 kDa. In Simple Western only 10 - 15 uL of the recommended dilution is used per data point. See Simple Western Antibody Database for Simple Western validation: Tested in HeLa lysate 0.1 mg/mL, separated by Size, antibody dilution of 1:50, apparent MW was 65 kDa. Separated by Size-Wes, Sally Sue/Peggy Sue.

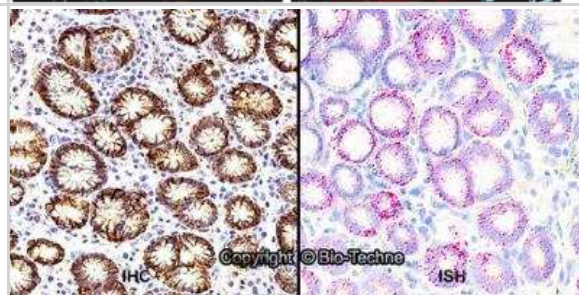


Images

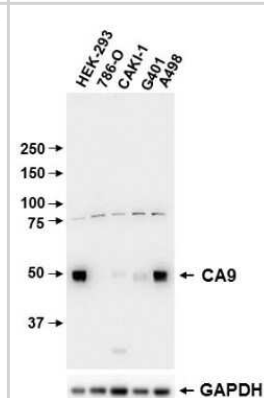
CA9 expressed in hypoxic regions as assessed by pimonidazole staining (A), but also observed in non-pimonidazole areas (B). Most of CA9 expressed in pimonidazole positive regions (C). Proliferation (BrdUrd) & apoptosis (caspase-3) in relation to CA9 expression shown in figure D & E. Red, CA9; Green, pimonidazole (A-B), BrdUrd (D) or caspase-3 (E); Yellow, overlap of CA9 (red) & pimonidazole (green); Light blue, vessels. Magnification 100x. Scale bars represent 100 μ m. Closed circles represent CA9 expression in pimonidazole positive regions; open circles represent CA9 expression in pimonidazole -ve regions. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://dx.plos.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0108068>), licensed under a CC-BY license.



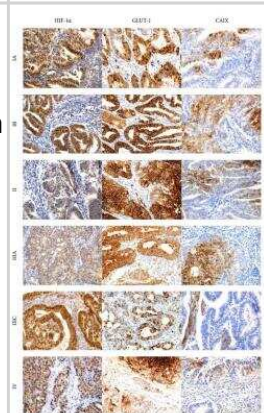
Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections of human stomach were probed for Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 mRNA (ACD RNAScope Probe, catalog # 559348; Fast Red chromogen, ACD catalog # 322750). Adjacent tissue section was processed for immunohistochemistry using Rabbit Polyclonal (Novus catalog # NB100-417) at 1:1000 dilution with overnight incubation at 4 degrees Celsius followed by incubation with anti-rabbit IgG VisUCyte HRP Polymer Antibody (Catalog # VC003) and DAB chromogen (yellow-brown). Tissue was counterstained with hematoxylin (blue). Specific staining was localized to glandular cells.



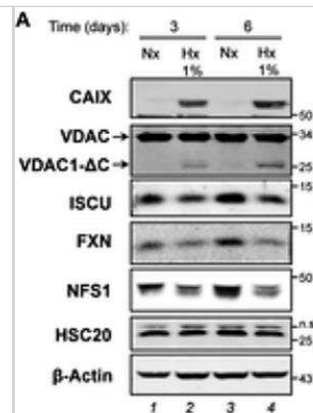
Analysis on various human cell lysates. Specific bands were detected for Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 in HEK-293 and A498 cell lines at a molecular weight of approximately 50 kDa. WB image submitted by a verified customer review.



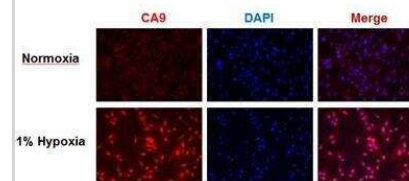
Immunohistochemical representative microphotographs representing the HIF-1alpha, GLUT-1, and CAIX expression in endometrial cancer according to FIGO classification (IA, IB, II, IIIA, IIIC, and IV). Primary objective magnification 20x. Image collected and cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://www.hindawi.com/journals/bmri/2014/616850/>) licensed under a CC-BY license.



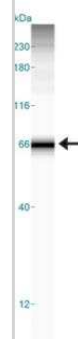
Hypoxias impact on proteins of the mitochondrial ISC assembly machinery. (A) Immunoblotting analyzed the total protein extracts from HeLa cells grown in normoxia (Nx, 21% O₂) or hypoxia (Hx, 1% O₂) conditions using VDACs poly antibody and anti-CAIX, -ISCU, -FXN, -NFS1, -HSC20 antibodies. Beta-Actin was used as loading control. Citation: Ferecatu I, Canal F, Fabbri L, Mazure NM, Bouton C, Golinelli-Cohen M-P (2018) Dysfunction in the mitochondrial Fe-S assembly machinery leads to formation of the chemoresistant truncated VDAC1 isoform without HIF-1 alpha activation. PLoS ONE 13(3): e0194782.



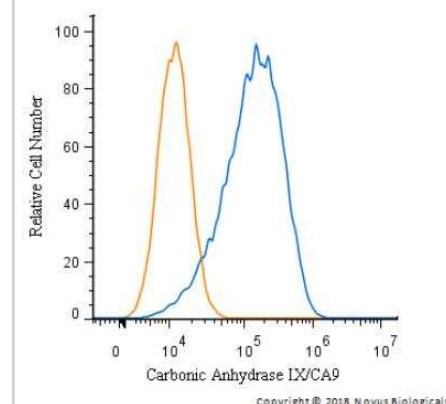
Analysis using the DyLight 488 conjugate of NB100-417. Staining of Carbonic Anhydrase IX (red) in human glioma U87 cells. DAPI counterstains nuclei (blue). ICC/IF image submitted by a verified customer review.



Simple Western lane view shows a specific band for CAIX in 0.1 mg/mL of HeLa lysate. This experiment was performed under reducing conditions using the 12-230 kDa separation system.



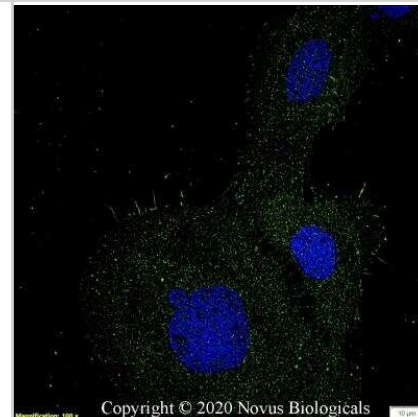
An intracellular stain was performed on U-87 MG Cells with NB100-417 and a matched isotype control. Cells were fixed with 4% PFA and then permeabilized with 0.1% saponin. Cells were incubated in an antibody dilution of 2.5 ug/mL for 30 minutes at room temperature, followed by Rabbit IgG APC-conjugated Secondary Antibody, (R&D Systems, F0111).



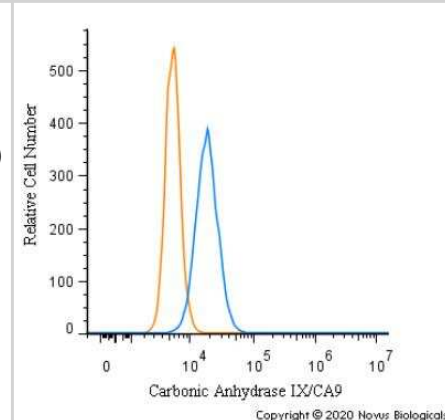
Western Blot analysis of Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody on human breast cancer MCF7 cells. Image from verified customer review.



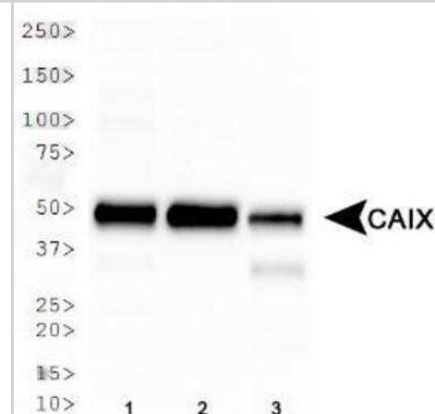
A431 cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 minutes and permeabilized in 0.05% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes. The cells were incubated with anti-Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody NB100-417 at 2 ug/ml overnight at 4C and detected with an anti-rabbit Dylight 488 (Green) at a 1:1000 dilution for 60 minutes. Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (Blue). Cells were imaged using a 100X objective and digitally deconvolved.



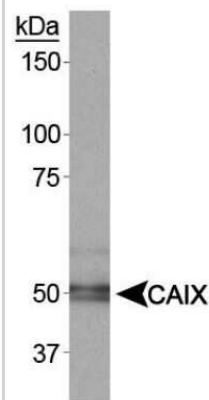
An intracellular stain was performed on A431 cells with Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody NB100-417 (blue) and a matched isotype control (orange). Cells were fixed with 4% PFA and then permeabilized with 0.1% saponin. Cells were incubated in an antibody dilution of 1.0 ug/mL for 30 minutes at room temperature, followed by Rabbit IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Dylight 550 (SA5-10033, Thermo Fisher).



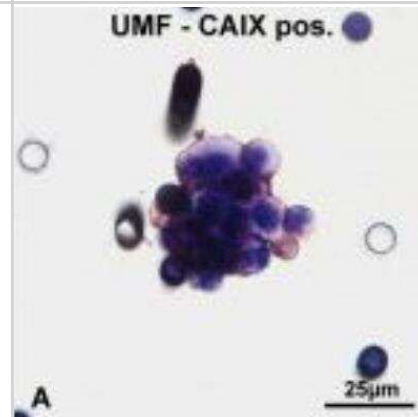
Analysis in 1) HeLa, 2) MDA-MB-231, and 3) A549 whole cell lysates. Specific bands were detected for Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 at a molecular weight of 50 kDa.



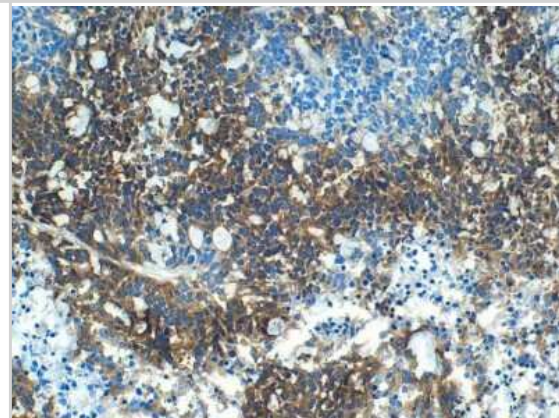
Analysis on rat renal cortex. A specific band was detected at a molecular weight of approximately 50 kDa.



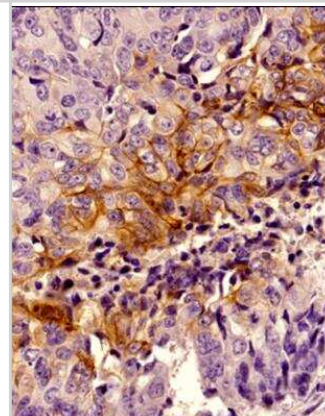
Immunocytochemical analysis of CNHCs with antibodies against the RCC marker CAIX. Clusters of CNHCs cytomorphologically classified as uncertain malignant (-UMF) with cytoplasmic positive staining with antibodies against the RCC marker CAIX. Image collected and cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://translational-medicine.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/1479-5876-11-214>) licensed under a CC-BY license.



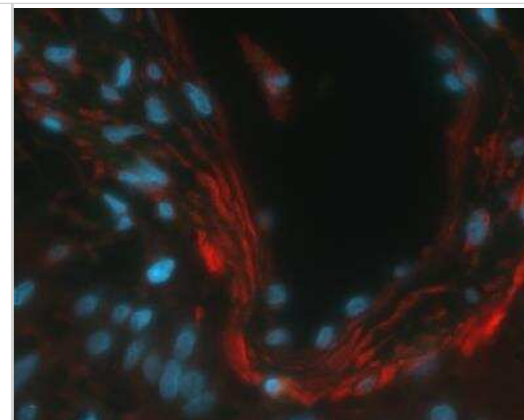
Analysis of human colon carcinoma, xenografted in mice. IHC-Fr image submitted by a verified customer review.



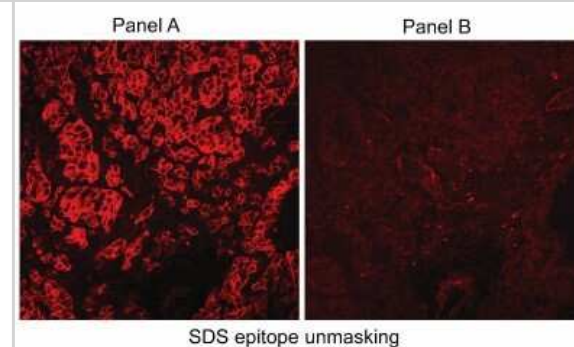
IHC analysis of a FFPE tissue section of human breast cancer using CAIX antibody at 1:1000 dilution. The primary antibody bound to CAIX antigens in the tissue section was detected using a HRP labeled secondary antibody and DAB reagent. Nuclei of the cells were counterstained with hematoxylin. This CAIX antibody generated an expected cytoplasmic staining of CAIX protein with an intense signal around the cellular membranes in tumor cores. The latter are more likely to be hypoxic in growing tumors which signifies that the observed CAIX staining is specific.



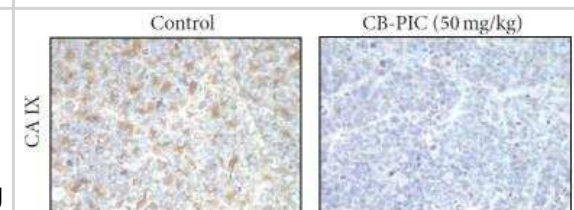
Strong cytoplasmic and membranous CA9 staining in glandular cells of human stomach tissue. Citrate buffer pH 6 antigen retrieval. Antibody at 1:250 dilution and detected with an Alexa Fluor 546 labeled goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibody. Nuclei detected with DAPI. IHC-P image submitted by a verified customer review.



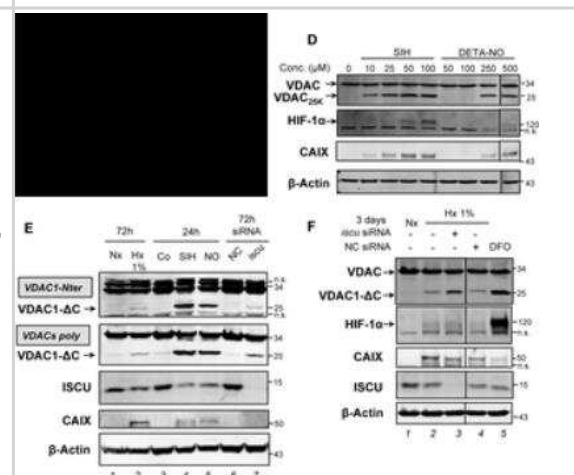
Immunofluorescence of human RCC tumor cryosections using NB100-417 (Panel A). Panel B shows staining with normal rabbit serum.



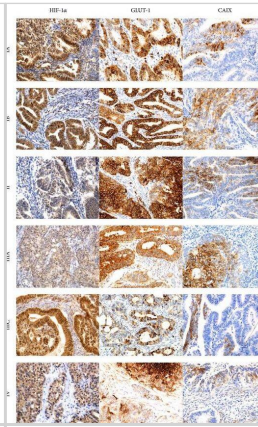
Colorectal cancer xenograft growth was suppressed by CB-PIC(20 and 50 mg/kg body weight) in female athymic nude mice. Starting three days after SW620 cell inoculation, CB-PIC (20 and 50 mg/kg body weight) was injected in abdomen with 4% Tween 20 as vehicle once daily. Representative examples of immunohistochemical staining for CA IX in tumor section. Image collected and cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://www.hindawi.com/journals/ecam/2013/974313/>), licensed under a CC-BY license.



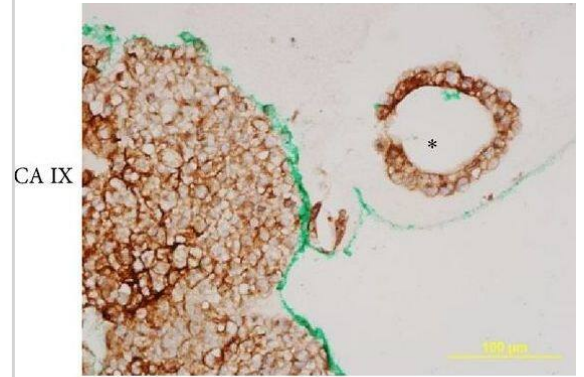
Iron depletion and nitric oxide stress and Iron depletion induce the truncated VDAC1 form accumulation. (D) Total protein extracts were analyzed by immunoblotting using VDACs poly antibody and anti-HIF-1 alpha and -CAIX antibodies. (E) Immunoblotting was used to analyze total protein extracts using antibodies against the three VDAC isoforms. (F) HeLa cells were grown in hypoxia (Hx, 1% O₂) conditions and transfected with iscu- or NC-siRNA for 3 days, or grown in normoxia (Nx, 21% O₂), some treated with DFO for 16 h. Western Blots analyzed total proteins using VDACs poly antibody and anti-HIF-1 alpha, -CAIX, -ISCU antibodies. Citation: Ferecatu I, Canal F, Fabbri L, Mazure NM, Bouton C, Golinelli-Cohen M-P (2018) Dysfunction in the mitochondrial Fe-S assembly machinery leads to formation of the chemoresistant truncated VDAC1 isoform without HIF-1 alpha activation. PLoS ONE 13(3): e0194782.



Immunohistochemical representative microphotographs representing the HIF-1 α , GLUT-1, and CAIX expression in endometrial cancer according to FIGO classification (IA, IB, II, IIIA, IIIC, and IV). Primary objective magnification 20x.

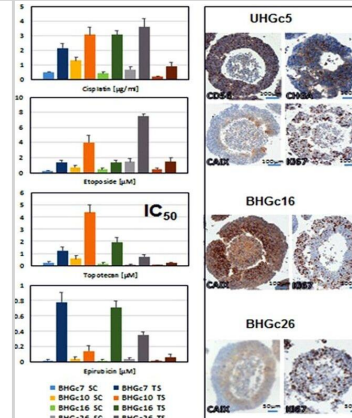


The images are representative of immunohistochemistry staining of nuclear staining of proliferation marker Ki67, membrane protein CD 44, and CA IX. The images of scaffold culture (left panel) are compared with cell pellet paraffin section (right panel). The scaffold dissolved in xylene presented as a clear region marked \square . All scale bars are 100 μ m, magnification 40x.



(e)

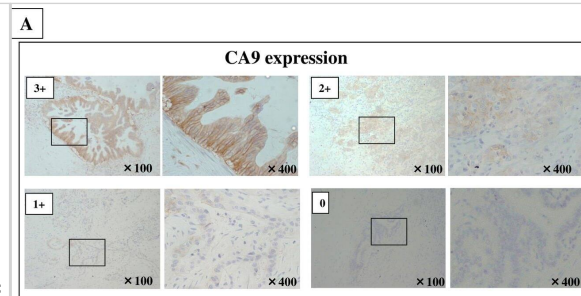
Chemosensitivity of the CTC SCLC lines (IC₅₀, mean \pm SD) and immunohistochemistry of sections of tumorspheres. All differences between single cells (SC) and tumorspheres (TS) are statistically significant. Immunohistochemical staining of sections of UHGc5, BHGc16 and BHGc26 CTCs was performed using antibodies directed to CD56, CHGA, CAIX and Ki67, respectively.



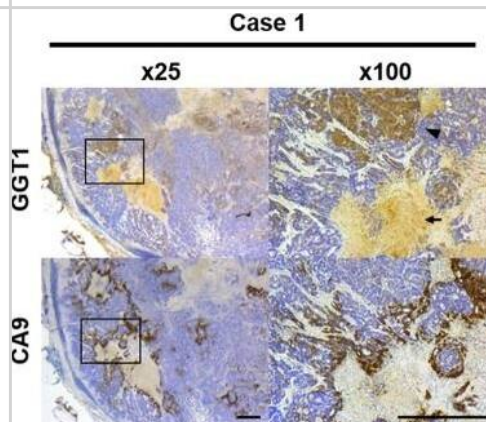
Western Blot: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Analysis of protein levels of genes with increased transcription in hypoxia, IOX2 & VH032.HIF targets were increased in hypoxia, VH298 & FG-4592. 0.05% DMSO (vehicle control), 1% O₂ (hypoxia), 100 μ M VH298 & 50 μ M FG-4592 were introduced to (A) HeLa or HFF for 24 hours & (B) HeLa for indicated time. Protein levels were analysed by immunoblotting using antibodies against indicated proteins, with β -Actin as loading control. The blots shown are representative of three independent experiments. * indicates longer exposure. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30801039>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



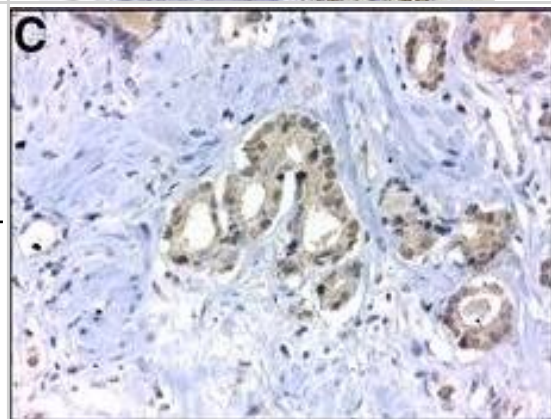
Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - IGF1R & CA9 expression in PDAC. (A) Representative staining of CA9 cells quantified on a scoring system of 0–3 according to staining intensity (original magnification $\times 200$). CA9 was mainly expressed in the cell membrane of PDAC cells. (B) IGF1R was mainly expressed in the cytoplasm of PDAC cells. (C) Association between IGF1R expression & CA9 expression in 120 pancreas cancer. A significant correlation was found between IGF1R expression level was significantly correlated with CA9 expression in PDAC cells ($p < 0.01$, $r_s = 0.649$; Spearman's rank sum test). The size of circle indicates the number of PDAC patients. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27487118>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



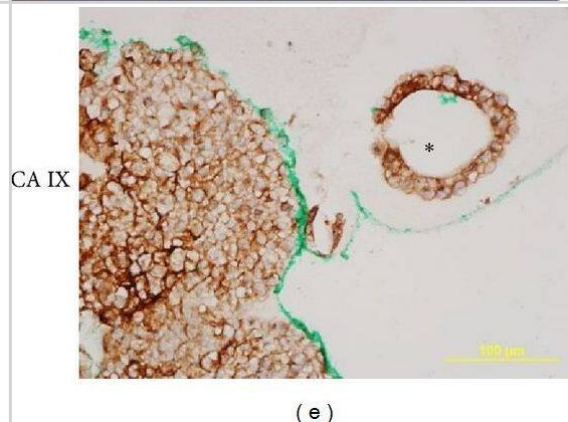
Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Representative human colorectal cancer specimen. Immunohistochemistry of CA9 & GGT1 in mLNs. In these cases, both CA9 & GGT1 were expressed, suggesting that GGT1 expression is related to hypoxia in mLNs. Scale bar, 500 μm . Black arrowheads: GGT of cancer cells, white arrowheads: GGT surrounding cancer cells, arrow: accumulation of GGT. mLNs: metastatic lymph nodes, GGT: gamma-glutamyl transpeptidase. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30542087>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



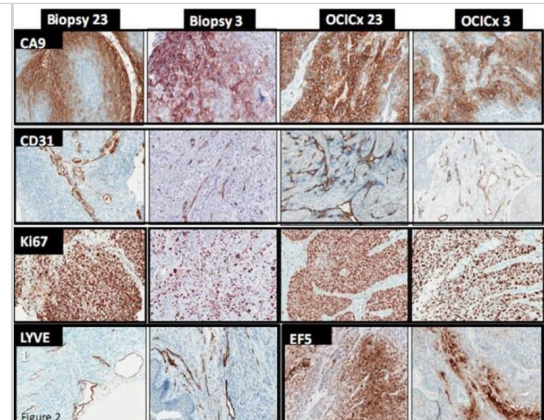
Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Representative microscopy images of staining for hypoxia markers in prostate tissues (MO, 400 \times). A) HIF-1 α - notice the granular cytoplasmic immunoreactivity of the malignant epithelial cells. In this case, more than 50% of the glands stained. B) LOX - strong & diffuse nuclear immunoreactivity of the epithelial cells. C) CAIX - note a focal apical cytoplasmic immunoreactivity in epithelial cells. D) VEGFR2 - moderate nuclear & weak cytoplasmic expression of the epithelial cells. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28143503>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



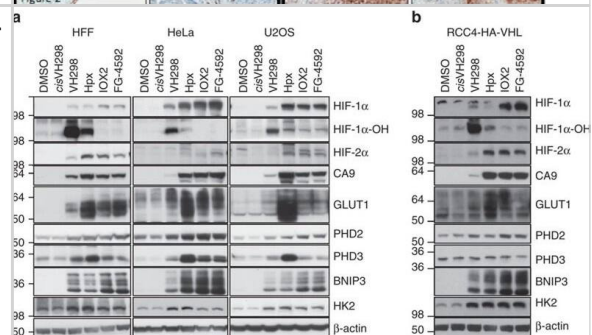
Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - The images are representative of immunohistochemistry staining of nuclear staining of proliferation marker Ki67, membrane protein CD 44, & CA IX. The images of scaffold culture (left panel) are compared with cell pellet paraffin section (right panel). The scaffold dissolved in xylene presented as a clear region marked \square . All scale bars are 100 μm , magnification 40x. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24101930>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



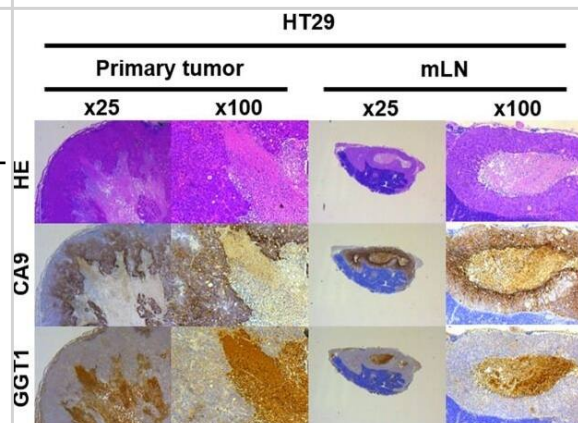
Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Hypoxia, blood vessel & proliferation staining. IHC staining in the Biopsy 23 & Biopsy 3 respectively for CA-9, EF5, CD31, Ki67 & LYVE1. 15× Magnification. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<http://www.mdpi.com/2072-6694/4/3/821>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



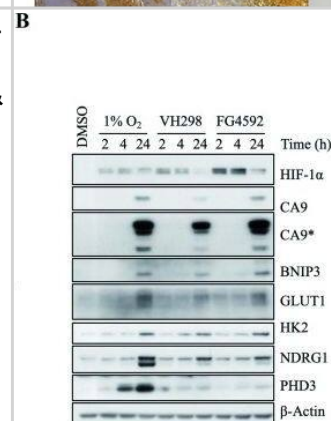
Western Blot: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - VH298 elicits a HIF-dependent hypoxic response in various cell lines. 1% DMSO, hypoxia (1% O₂) & indicated compounds at 100 μM were introduced to (a) HFF, HeLa, U2OS & (b) RCC4 cells expressing HA-tagged VHL (with the exception of cis-VH298 & VH298 used at 150 μM) for 24 h & (c) CTLs for 8 h. Protein levels were analysed by immunoblotting using antibodies against the indicated proteins, with β-actin (SMC1 for CTLs) as the loading control. The blots shown are representative of three independent experiments. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27811928>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



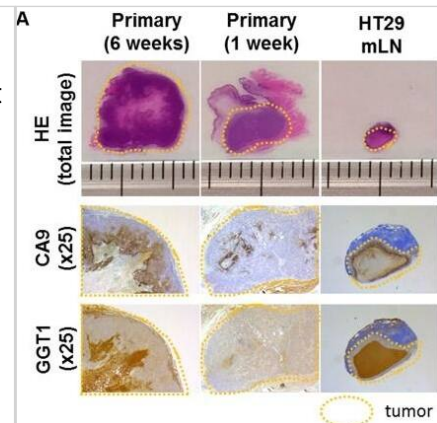
Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - HE staining & immunohistochemistry (CA9 & GGT1) of fixed primary tumor & mLN specimens from orthotopic mouse model. CA9 & GGT1 were expressed inside the primary tumor & in mLNs. GGT1 was accumulated in the area of central necrosis. HE: hematoxylin-eosin. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30542087>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



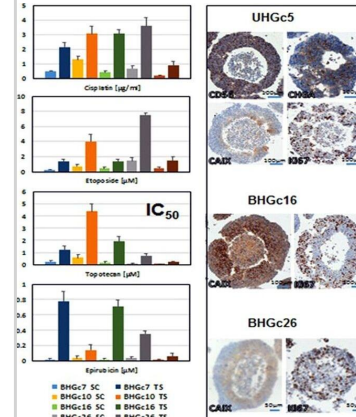
Western Blot: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Analysis of protein levels of genes with increased transcription in hypoxia, IOX2 & VH032. HIF targets were increased in hypoxia, VH298 & FG-4592. 0.05% DMSO (vehicle control), 1% O₂ (hypoxia), 100 μM VH298 & 50 μM FG-4592 were introduced to (A) HeLa or HFF for 24 hours & (B) HeLa for indicated time. Protein levels were analysed by immunoblotting using antibodies against indicated proteins, with β-Actin as loading control. The blots shown are representative of three independent experiments. * indicates longer exposure. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30801039>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



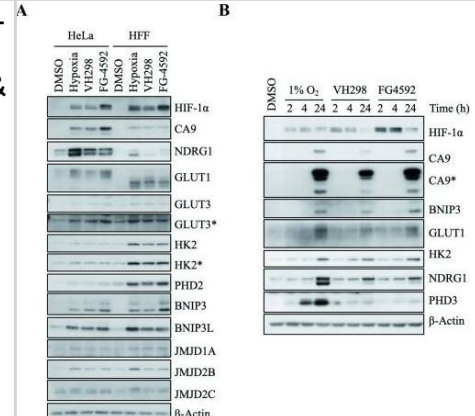
Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Comparison between primary tumor & mLNs of the mouse model. Expression of CA9 & GGT1 in mLNs was higher than that in the primary tumor at 1 week after injection of cells. (A) CA9 & GGT1 expression of HT29 mLNs compared to primary tumor at 6 weeks or 1 week after injection of cells. (B) Tissue oxygen concentration (%) of rectal submucosa (SM) & nLNs (n = 3). Error bars represent SD. mNs: metastatic lymph nodes, nLNs: non metastatic lymph nodes. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30542087>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



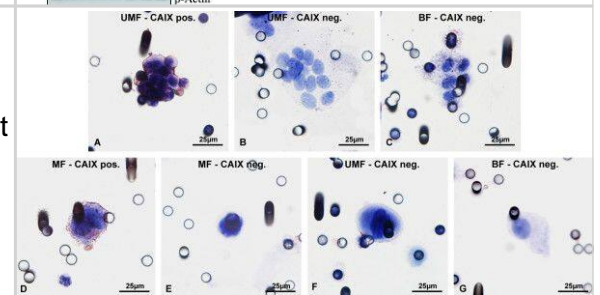
Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Chemosensitivity of the CTC SCLC lines (IC50, mean \pm SD) & immunohistochemistry of sections of tumorspheres. All differences between single cells (SC) & tumorspheres (TS) are statistically significant. Immunohistochemical staining of sections of UHGc5, BHGc16 & BHGc26 CTCs was performed using antibodies directed to CD56, CHGA, CAIX & Ki67, respectively. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41598-017-05562-z>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Western Blot: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Analysis of protein levels of genes with increased transcription in hypoxia, IOX2 & VH032.HIF targets were increased in hypoxia, VH298 & FG-4592. 0.05% DMSO (vehicle control), 1% O₂ (hypoxia), 100 μ M VH298 & 50 μ M FG-4592 were introduced to (A) HeLa or HFF for 24 hours & (B) HeLa for indicated time. Protein levels were analysed by immunoblotting using antibodies against indicated proteins, with β -Actin as loading control. The blots shown are representative of three independent experiments. * indicates longer exposure. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30801039>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.

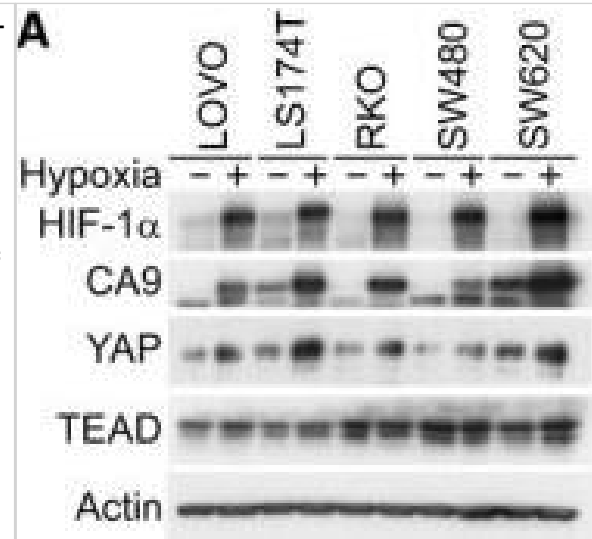


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Immunocytochemical analysis of CNHCs with antibodies against the RCC marker CAIX. Clusters of CNHCs cytomorphologically classified as uncertain malignant (-UMF) with cytoplasmic positive staining with antibodies against the RCC marker CAIX (A). Clusters of CNHC-UMF & -BF without reactivity for CAIX antibodies (B & C, respectively). A single CNHC-MF with positive cytoplasmic (D) & without staining for CAIX (E). Single CAIX-negative CNHC-UMF & -BF (F & G, respectively). Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://translational-medicine.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/1479-5876-11-214>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.

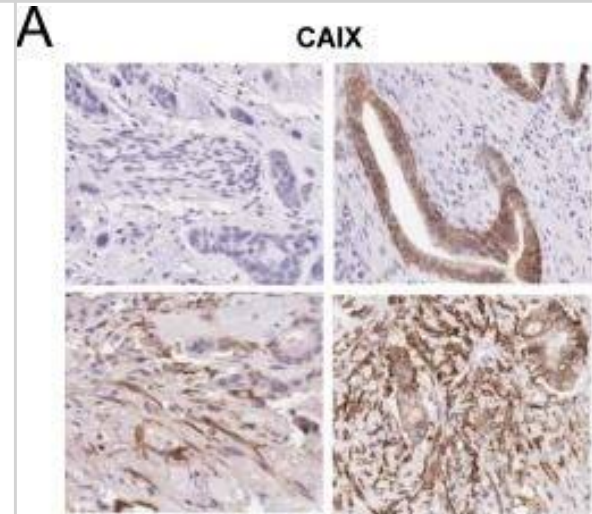


Western Blot: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - GPRC5A promotes hypoxic cell survival via YAP. Hypoxia induced increased total YAP expression in a panel of colorectal cancer cell lines. Actin confirmed equal loading; blots are representative of at least two independent experiments. Related to Fig 4.B—EqRT-PCR analysis revealed that hypoxia increased the expression of known YAP target genes AREG, BCL2L1 (BCL₂L1), CTGF & CYR61.

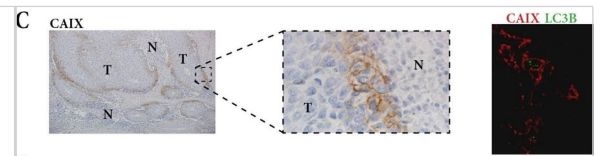
Representative experiments are shown. Representative examples of n = 3 independent experiments are shown; data are presented as mean ± SD. Increased expression of YAP Ser397 in GPRC5A-depleted cells was overridden by expression of constitutively active RhoA (G14V) in hypoxia. Expression of dominant negative RhoA (T19N) did not further increase YAP Ser397 phosphorylation in response to GPRC5A depletion. Darker exposure of the GPRC5A blot in Fig 4I, confirming expression of 30–40 kDa & 80 kDa species. Note that YAP siRNA partially diminishes GPRC5A in line with the existence of positive HIF-GPRC5A-YAP feedback loop. Asterisk (*) indicates non-specific band. Source data are available online for this figure. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30143543>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



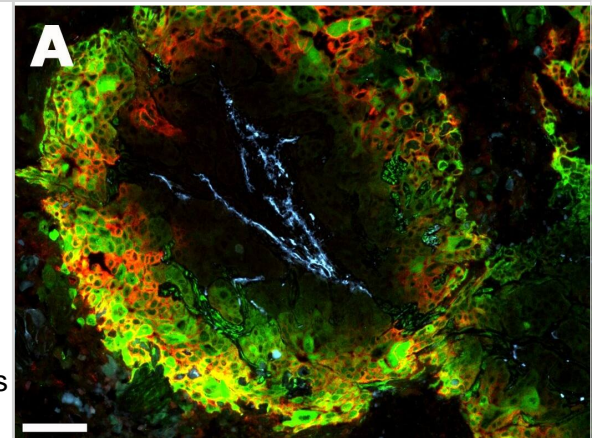
Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - CAIX expression in PDAC & association with outcome. A. Representative images of immunohistochemical staining showing: negative expression of CAIX in both tumor cell & stromal compartments (top left), positive expression of CAIX in tumor cells but not stromal compartment (top right), positive expression of CAIX in stromal compartment but not tumor cells (bottom left), positive expression of CAIX in both tumor cell & stromal compartments (bottom right). B. Kaplan-Meier analysis of CAIX expression in the distinct tumor cell & stromal compartments & the associated overall survival. C. Representative images of immunohistochemical staining showing low stromal volume & high stromal volume & low & high microvessel density. D. Representative images of immunohistochemical staining showing: positive expression of MCT4 in tumor cell compartment & positive expression of MCT4 in tumor stromal compartment. Kaplan-Meier analysis of combinatorial MCT4 & CAIX expression in the stromal compartment & the associated overall survival. Hazard ratios & p-values for each comparison are summarized in the table. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27623078>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



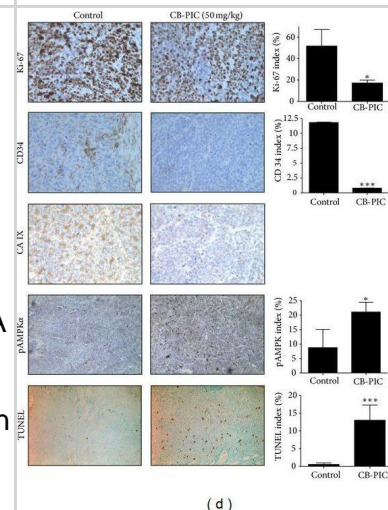
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Hypoxia & autophagy markers in breast cancer stem-cells(A) Co-expression of CD133 & BECLIN1 in pCR & non-pCR patients. Double IF X800. (B) Tumor cells (T) distributed around necrosis (N) express LC3B with typical cytoplasmic punctuated staining, $\times 1000$. Double IF shows that some CD133-positive tumor cells co-express LC3B. $\times 400$. (C) Tumor cells (T) distributed around necrosis (N) express CAIX, on their cytoplasmic membrane, $\times 1000$. Double IF shows a co-expression of LC3B & CAIX in some tumor cells. $\times 400$. (D) Laser microdissection of CD133-positive cells. (E) Laser-microdissected CD133-positive cells express PROMININ & not PTPRC (CD45). (F) mRNA relative quantification of HIF1A, CAIX, LC3B, BECN1, & BNIP3L show a significantly higher expression level in CD133-positive cells versus CD133-negative cells, in the 35 non-pCR biopsies. $*p < 0.05$. (G) Multivariate analysis of tumor cell characteristics & pCR shows an inverse correlation between pCR & cells bearing markers of stemness or autophagy. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28445132>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Immunofluorescent images showing CAIX expression, pimonidazole, apoptosis & proliferation in SCCNij202. CAIX is expressed in hypoxic regions as assessed by pimonidazole staining (A), but is also observed in non-pimonidazole areas (B). Yet, most of CAIX is expressed in pimonidazole positive regions (C). Proliferation (BrdUrd) & apoptosis (caspase-3) in relation to CAIX expression are shown in figure D & E respectively. Red, CAIX; Green, pimonidazole (A–B), BrdUrd (D) or caspase-3 (E); Yellow, overlap of CAIX (red) & pimonidazole (green); Light blue, vessels. Magnification $100\times$. Scale bars represent $100\ \mu\text{m}$. Closed circles represent CAIX expression in pimonidazole positive regions; open circles represent CAIX expression in pimonidazole negative regions. Abbreviations: $1\times\ \text{S4}$, 8 h, one i.p. injection S4, harvest after 8 hours; $1\times\ \text{S4}$, 24 h, one i.p. injection S4, harvest after 24 hours; $3\times\ \text{S4}$, one i.p. injection S4 a day for 3 days, harvest 8 hours after the last injection; $5\times\ \text{S4}$, one i.p. injection S4 a day for 5 days, harvest 8 hours after the last injection. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25225880>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.

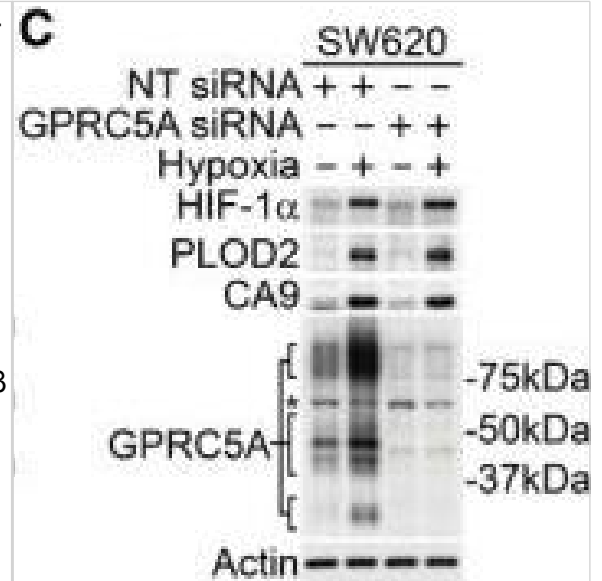


Immunohistochemistry: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Colorectal cancer xenograft growth was suppressed by CB-PIC(20 & 50 mg/kg body weight) in female athymic nude mice. Starting three days after SW620 cell inoculation, CB-PIC (20 & 50 mg/kg body weight) was injected in abdomen with 4% Tween 20 as vehicle once daily. (a) Body weights of mice. (b) Tumor growth in a time course. (c) Final tumor weight at termination of experiment. (d) Representative examples of immunohistochemical staining for Ki-67, CD34, TUNEL, CA IX & pAMPK α in tumor sections. Graphs show the Ki67 index (proliferation), CD34 index (angiogenesis), TUNEL index (apoptosis), CA IX (hypoxia region), & pAMPK α index in tumor sections. Values are means \pm SD, $n = 6$. $*P < 0.05$ & $***P < 0.001$ compared with control mice. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23589723>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Western Blot: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Hypoxia induces GPRC5A directly via HIFsASILAC-based proteomics data identify known (red) & novel (green) hypoxia-induced proteins in SW620 cells. One-sample t-test was performed. Western blotting confirmed GPRC5A as a hypoxia-induced protein in SILAC lysates. Validation of GPRC5A Western blot data using siRNA.

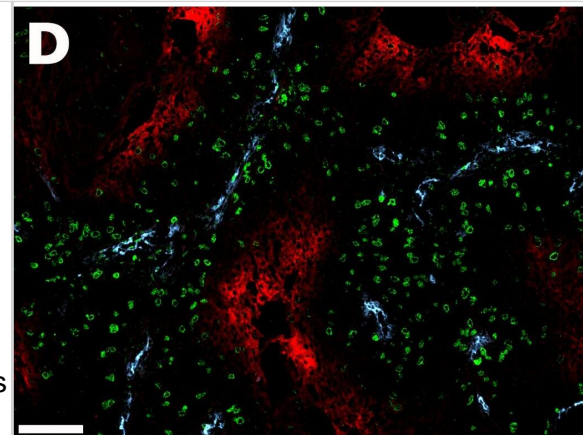
Non-specific band of ~60 kDa not depleted by GPRC5A siRNA. Confocal microscopy showing plasma membrane GPRC5A expression in hypoxic SW620 cells (scale bars: 75 μ m). Western blotting showing GPRC5A upregulation by hypoxia in a panel of colorectal tumour cell lines. Basal & hypoxia-induced GPRC5A protein expression was decreased by HIF-1/2 α depletion. Depletion of HIF-1 β decreased GPRC5A protein upregulation in hypoxia. Hypoxia mimetic DMOG induced HIF-1/2 α , CA9 & GPRC5A protein expression. Dual HIF-1/2 α depletion reduced GPRC5A induction by DMOG. qRT-PCR demonstrating that GPRC5A mRNA was upregulated by hypoxia (n = 3). GPRC5A was normalised to HPRT (error bars \pm SD). qRT-PCR demonstrating that HIF-1/2 α depletion decreased GPRC5A induction during hypoxia (n = 3). GPRC5A was normalised to HPRT (error bars \pm SD). ChIP-PCR analyses identify HIF-1 α binding to the GPRC5A promoter region containing a putative optimal HRE (error bars \pm SD, n = 3). Data information: Asterisks () indicate non-specific band. Level adjustments were made to images in Adobe Photoshop post-acquisition for clarity (equal changes applied to the entire image). Representative examples of n = 3 independent experiments are shown. Source data are available online for this figure. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30143543>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



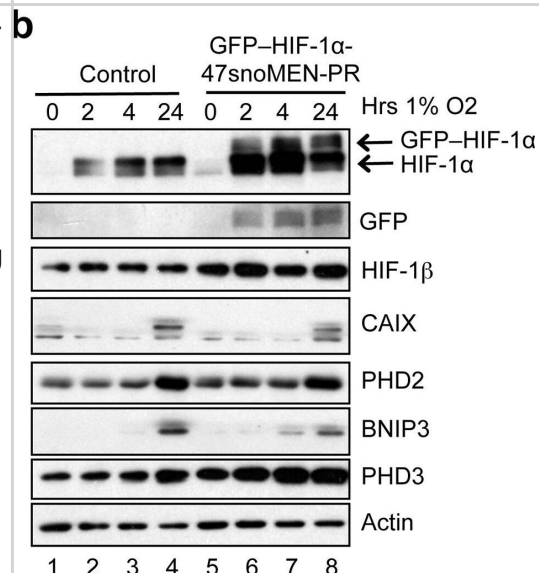
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Immunofluorescent images showing CAIX expression, pimonidazole, apoptosis & proliferation in SCCNij202. CAIX is expressed in hypoxic regions as assessed by pimonidazole staining (A), but is also observed in non-pimonidazole areas (B). Yet, most of CAIX is expressed in pimonidazole positive regions (C). Proliferation (BrdUrd) & apoptosis (caspase-3) in relation to CAIX expression are shown in figure D & E respectively. Red, CAIX; Green, pimonidazole (A–B), BrdUrd (D) or caspase-3 (E); Yellow, overlap of CAIX (red) & pimonidazole (green); Light blue, vessels. Magnification 100 \times . Scale bars represent 100 μ m. Closed circles represent CAIX expression in pimonidazole positive regions; open circles represent CAIX expression in pimonidazole negative regions. Abbreviations: 1 \times S4, 8 h, one i.p. injection S4, harvest after 8 hours; 1 \times S4, 24 h, one i.p. injection S4, harvest after 24 hours; 3 \times S4, one i.p. injection S4 a day for 3 days, harvest 8 hours after the last injection; 5 \times S4, one i.p. injection S4 a day for 5 days, harvest 8 hours after the last injection. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25225880>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



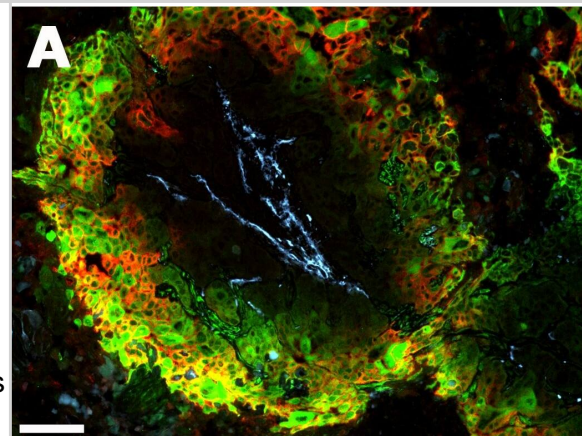
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Immunofluorescent images showing CAIX expression, pimonidazole, apoptosis & proliferation in SCCNij202. CAIX is expressed in hypoxic regions as assessed by pimonidazole staining (A), but is also observed in non-pimonidazole areas (B). Yet, most of CAIX is expressed in pimonidazole positive regions (C). Proliferation (BrdUrd) & apoptosis (caspase-3) in relation to CAIX expression are shown in figure D & E respectively. Red, CAIX; Green, pimonidazole (A–B), BrdUrd (D) or caspase-3 (E); Yellow, overlap of CAIX (red) & pimonidazole (green); Light blue, vessels. Magnification 100 \times . Scale bars represent 100 μ m. Closed circles represent CAIX expression in pimonidazole positive regions; open circles represent CAIX expression in pimonidazole negative regions. Abbreviations: 1 \times S4, 8 h, one i.p. injection S4, harvest after 8 hours; 1 \times S4, 24 h, one i.p. injection S4, harvest after 24 hours; 3 \times S4, one i.p. injection S4 a day for 3 days, harvest 8 hours after the last injection; 5 \times S4, one i.p. injection S4 a day for 5 days, harvest 8 hours after the last injection. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25225880>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Western Blot: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Establishment of a human protein replacement stable cell line using 47snoMEN. (a) Images of protein replacement stable cell lines (U2OSGFP–HIF-1 α -47PR). Expression of FP proteins was confirmed by fluorescence imaging with DFX treatment. Bar is 10 μ m. (b) U2OS & U2OSGFP–HIF-1 α -47PR cells were exposed to 1% O₂ for the indicated periods of time prior to lysis. Cell extracts were analysed by western blot using the indicated antibodies. (c) U2OS cells were transfected with 1 μ g of control & HIF-1 α -47snoMEN vectors for 48 hours prior to lysis. DFX was added for the last 24 hours. Cell extracts were analysed by western blot using the indicated antibodies. (d) 3D culture analysis. HeLaGFP–HIF-1 α -47PR cells were cultured in lipidure coated plates to induce spheroid formation. HIF-1 α is visible in the core of the spheroid revealing hypoxia. Bar is 10 μ m. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://dx.plos.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0154759>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence: Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody - BSA Free [NB100-417] - Immunofluorescent images showing CAIX expression, pimonidazole, apoptosis & proliferation in SCCNij202. CAIX is expressed in hypoxic regions as assessed by pimonidazole staining (A), but is also observed in non-pimonidazole areas (B). Yet, most of CAIX is expressed in pimonidazole positive regions (C). Proliferation (BrdUrd) & apoptosis (caspase-3) in relation to CAIX expression are shown in figure D & E respectively. Red, CAIX; Green, pimonidazole (A–B), BrdUrd (D) or caspase-3 (E); Yellow, overlap of CAIX (red) & pimonidazole (green); Light blue, vessels. Magnification 100 \times . Scale bars represent 100 μ m. Closed circles represent CAIX expression in pimonidazole positive regions; open circles represent CAIX expression in pimonidazole negative regions. Abbreviations: 1 \times S4, 8 h, one i.p. injection S4, harvest after 8 hours; 1 \times S4, 24 h, one i.p. injection S4, harvest after 24 hours; 3 \times S4, one i.p. injection S4 a day for 3 days, harvest 8 hours after the last injection; 5 \times S4, one i.p. injection S4 a day for 5 days, harvest 8 hours after the last injection. Image collected & cropped by CiteAb from the following publication (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25225880>), licensed under a CC-BY license. Not internally tested by Novus Biologicals.



Publications

Gabriella DH, Anbukkarasi M, Kamakshi S et al. Ref-1 redox activity regulates retinal neovascularization by modulating transcriptional activation of HIF-1 α FASEB J. 2025-02-15 [PMID: 39902892] (Western Blot, Mouse)

W Zhou, C Chen, Y Shi, Q Wu, RC Gimple, X Fang, Z Huang, K Zhai, SQ Ke, YF Ping, H Feng, JN Rich, JS Yu, S Bao, XW Bian Targeting Glioma Stem Cell-Derived Pericytes Disrupts the Blood-Tumor Barrier and Improves Chemotherapeutic Efficacy Cell Stem Cell, 2017-11-02;21(5):591-603.e4. 2017-11-02 [PMID: 29100012]

Aubin RG, Montelongo J, Hu R, Gunther E et Al. Clustering-independent estimation of cell abundances in bulk tissues using single-cell RNA-seq data Cell Rep Methods 2024-11-19 [PMID: 39561717]

Franzolin, G;Brundu, S;Cojocar, CF;Curatolo, A;Ponzo, M;Mastrantonio, R;Mihara, E;Kumanogoh, A;Suga, H;Takagi, J;Tamagnone, L;Giraud, E; PlexinB1 inactivation reprograms immune cells in the tumor microenvironment, inhibiting breast cancer growth and metastatic dissemination Cancer immunology research 2024-06-14 [PMID: 38874583]

Brück O, Lee MH, Turkki R et Al. Spatial immunoprofiling of the intratumoral and peritumoral tissue of renal cell carcinoma patients Mod Pathol 2021-07-02 [PMID: 34215851]

Burgi S, Seuwen A, Keist R et al. In Vivo Imaging of Hypoxia-Inducible Factor Regulation in a Subcutaneous and Orthotopic GL261 Glioma Tumor Model Using a Reporter Gene Assay. Mol Imaging. 2014-09-01 [PMID: 25248521]

Trentadue G, Kats-Ugurlu G, Blokzyl T et Al. Chronic Allograft Enteropathy Treated with Vedolizumab: A Case Report Transplant Proc 2024-12-04 [PMID: 39638713]

Li H, Song C, Zhang Y et Al. Transgelin Promotes Glioblastoma Stem Cell Hypoxic Responses and Maintenance Through p53 Acetylation Adv Sci (Weinh) 2023-12-12 [PMID: 38087889]

Miklovicova S, Volpini L, Sanovec O et al. Mitochondrial respiratory complex II is altered in renal carcinoma. Biochimica et biophysica acta. Molecular basis of disease 2024-10-31 [PMID: 39486656]

Ge Z, Wang J, He L et al. Reconstruction of cancer marker analysis with holistic anatomical precision implicates heterogeneity development during breast tumor progression Discover Oncology 2024-10-15 [PMID: 39406984]

Feodoroff M, Hamdan F, Antignani G et al. Enhancing T-cell recruitment in renal cell carcinoma with cytokine-armed adenoviruses Oncoimmunology 2024-09-25 [PMID: 39351443]

Suzuki S, Yashiro M, Izumi N et al. Impact of CA9 expression in the diagnosis of lymph-node metastases in non-small cell lung cancer based on [18 F]FDG PET/CT PLOS ONE 2024-10-29 [PMID: 39471162]

More publications at <http://www.novusbio.com/NB100-417>



Procedures

Immunohistochemistry protocol for Carbonic Anhydrase IX Antibody (NB100-417)

Antigen Unmasking:

Bring slides to a boil in 10 mM sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) then maintain at a sub-boiling temperature for 10 minutes. Cool slides on bench-top for 30 minutes (keep slides in the sodium citrate buffer all the time).

Staining:

1. Wash sections in deionized water three times for 5 minutes each.
2. Wash sections in PBS for 5 minutes.
3. Block each section with 100-400 ul blocking solution (1% BSA in PBS) for 1 hour at room temperature.
4. Remove blocking solution and add 100-400 ul diluted primary antibody. Incubate overnight at 4 C.
5. Remove antibody solution and wash sections in wash buffer three times for 5 minutes each.
6. Add 100-400 ul HRP polymer conjugated secondary antibody. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
7. Wash sections three times in wash buffer for 5 minutes each.
8. Add 100-400 ul DAB substrate to each section and monitor staining closely.
9. As soon as the sections develop, immerse slides in deionized water.
10. Counterstain sections in hematoxylin.
11. Wash sections in deionized water two times for 5 minutes each.
12. Dehydrate sections.
13. Mount coverslips.

Western Blot protocol for Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody (NB100-417)

Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody:

Western Blot Protocol

1. Perform SDS-PAGE on samples to be analyzed, loading 25 ug of total protein per lane.
2. Transfer proteins to membrane according to the instructions provided by the manufacturer of the membrane and transfer apparatus.
3. Stain according to standard Ponceau S procedure (or similar product) to assess transfer success, and mark molecular weight standards where appropriate.
4. Rinse the blot.
5. Block the membrane using standard blocking buffer for at least 1 hour.
6. Wash the membrane in wash buffer three times for 10 minutes each.
7. Dilute primary antibody in blocking buffer and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
8. Wash the membrane in wash buffer three times for 10 minutes each.
9. Apply the diluted HRP conjugated secondary antibody in blocking buffer (as per manufacturers instructions) and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
10. Wash the blot in wash buffer three times for 10 minutes each (this step can be repeated as required to reduce background).
11. Apply the detection reagent of choice in accordance with the manufacturers instructions.

**Note: Tween-20 can be added to the blocking or antibody dilution buffer at a final concentration of 0.05-0.2%.

Flow (Intracellular) Protocol for Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody (NB100-417)

Protocol for Flow Cytometry Intracellular Staining

Sample Preparation.

1. Grow cells to 60-85% confluency. Flow cytometry requires between 2×10^5 and 1×10^6 cells for optimal performance.
2. If cells are adherent, harvest gently by washing once with staining buffer and then scraping. Avoid using trypsin as this can disrupt certain epitopes of interest. If enzymatic harvest is required, use Accutase, Collagenase, or TrypLE Express for a less damaging option.
3. Reserve 100 μ L for counting, then transfer cell volume into a 50 mL conical tube and centrifuge for 8 minutes at 400 RCF.
 - a. Count cells using a hemocytometer and a 1:1 trypan blue exclusion stain to determine cell viability before starting the flow protocol. If cells appear blue, do not proceed.
4. Re-suspend cells to a concentration of 1×10^6 cells/mL in staining buffer (NBP2-26247).
5. Aliquot out 100 μ L samples in accordance with your experimental samples.

Tip: When cell surface and intracellular staining are required in the same sample, it is advisable that the cell surface staining be performed first since the fixation and permeabilization steps might reduce the availability of surface antigens.

Intracellular Staining.

Tip: When performing intracellular staining, it is important to use appropriate fixation and permeabilization reagents based upon the target and its subcellular location. Generally, our Intracellular Flow Assay Kit (NBP2-29450) is a good place to start as it contains an optimized combination of reagents for intracellular staining as well as an inhibitor of intracellular protein transport (necessary if staining secreted proteins). Certain targets may require more gentle or transient permeabilization protocols such as the commonly employed methanol or saponin-based methods.

Protocol for Cytoplasmic Targets:

1. Fix the cells by adding 100 μ L fixation solution (such as 4% PFA) to each sample for 10-15 minutes.
2. Permeabilize cells by adding 100 μ L of a permeabilization buffer to every 1×10^6 cells present in the sample. Mix well and incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes.
 - a. For cytoplasmic targets, use a gentle permeabilization solution such as 1X PBS + 0.5% Saponin or 1X PBS + 0.5% Tween-20.
 - b. To maintain the permeabilized state throughout your experiment, use staining buffer + 0.1% of the permeabilization reagent (i.e. 0.1% Tween-20 or 0.1% Saponin).
3. Following the 15 minute incubation, add 2 mL of the staining buffer + 0.1% permeabilizer to each sample.
4. Centrifuge for 1 minute at 400 RCF.
5. Discard supernatant and re-suspend in 100 μ L of staining buffer + 0.1% permeabilizer.
6. Add appropriate amount of each antibody (eg. 1 test or 1 μ g per sample, as experimentally determined).
7. Mix well and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes- 1 hour. Gently mix samples every 10-15 minutes.
8. Following the primary/conjugate incubation, add 1-2 mL/sample of staining buffer +0.1% permeabilizer and centrifuge for 1 minute at 400 RCF.
9. Wash twice by re-suspending cells in staining buffer (2 mL for tubes or 200 μ L for wells) and centrifuging at 400 RCF for 5 minutes. Discard supernatant.
10. Add appropriate amount of secondary antibody (as experimentally determined) to each sample.
11. Incubate at room temperature in dark for 20 minutes.
12. Add 1-2 mL of staining buffer and centrifuge at 400 RCF for 1 minute and discard supernatant.
13. Wash twice by re-suspending cells in staining buffer (2 mL for tubes or 200 μ L for wells) and centrifuging at 400 RCF for 5 minutes. Discard supernatant.
14. Resuspend in an appropriate volume of staining buffer (usually 500 μ L per sample) and proceed with analysis on your flow cytometer.

Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence Protocol for Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody (NB100-417)
Immunocytochemistry Protocol

Culture cells to appropriate density in 35 mm culture dishes or 6-well plates.

1. Remove culture medium and wash the cells briefly in PBS. Add 10% formalin to the dish and fix at room temperature for 10 minutes.
2. Remove the formalin and wash the cells in PBS.
3. Permeabilize the cells with 0.1% Triton X100 or other suitable detergent for 10 min.
4. Remove the permeabilization buffer and wash three times for 10 minutes each in PBS. Be sure to not let the specimen dry out.
5. To block nonspecific antibody binding, incubate in 10% normal goat serum from 1 hour to overnight at room temperature.
6. Add primary antibody at appropriate dilution and incubate overnight at 4C.
7. Remove primary antibody and replace with PBS. Wash three times for 10 minutes each.
8. Add secondary antibody at appropriate dilution. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature.
9. Remove secondary antibody and replace with PBS. Wash three times for 10 minutes each.
10. Counter stain DNA with DAPI if required.





Novus Biologicals USA

10730 E. Briarwood Avenue
Centennial, CO 80112
USA
Phone: 303.730.1950
Toll Free: 1.888.506.6887
Fax: 303.730.1966
nb-customerservice@bio-techne.com

Bio-Techne Canada

21 Canmotor Ave
Toronto, ON M8Z 4E6
Canada
Phone: 905.827.6400
Toll Free: 855.668.8722
Fax: 905.827.6402
canada.inquires@bio-techne.com

Bio-Techne Ltd

19 Barton Lane
Abingdon Science Park
Abingdon, OX14 3NB, United Kingdom
Phone: (44) (0) 1235 529449
Free Phone: 0800 37 34 15
Fax: (44) (0) 1235 533420
info.EMEA@bio-techne.com

General Contact Information

www.novusbio.com
Technical Support: nb-technical@bio-techne.com
Orders: nb-customerservice@bio-techne.com
General: novus@novusbio.com

Products Related to NB100-417

NB800-PC1	HeLa Whole Cell Lysate
NB100-417PEP	Carbonic Anhydrase IX/CA9 Antibody Blocking Peptide
HAF008	Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary Antibody [HRP]
NB7160	Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) Secondary Antibody [HRP]
NBP2-24891	Rabbit IgG Isotype Control

Limitations

This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis. Primary Antibodies are guaranteed for 1 year from date of receipt.

For more information on our 100% guarantee, please visit www.novusbio.com/guarantee

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a review: www.novusbio.com/reviews/submit/NB100-417

Earn gift cards/discounts by submitting a publication using this product:
www.novusbio.com/publications

